

# THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

ORGANIZATION · EDUCATION · CO-OPERATION

## A THEME FOR SOCIAL RELIGION

By CHARLES ERVIN REITZEL

AGE-LONG CIVILIZATION HAS BEEN CHAINED AND SHACKLED BY AN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL STANDARD WHICH PLACES MONEY ABOVE MEN, PROFITS ABOVE PRINCIPLE, AND GOLD ABOVE GOD. HOWEVER, WE NOW COMMEMORATE AS OUR IDEAL, THE BIRTH OF ONE WHOSE SOLE INTEREST WAS CENTRED IN HUMANITY; WHOSE VERY BEING BREATHED THE SPIRIT OF BROTHERHOOD AND SERVICE AS STANDING ABOVE GREED AND POWER. WE, THEREFORE, CAN GIVE NO BETTER PROOF OF OUR APPRECIATION OF JESUS AND HIS TEACHINGS THAN BY AN EVERY-DAY APPLICATION OF HIS DOCTRINES TO THE MALADJUSTMENTS EXISTING IN OUR PRESENT SOCIAL ORDER.

—Harper's Weekly.

DECEMBER 17, 1913

WINNIPEG

CANADA

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BEING LARGER THAN THE PAID CIRCULATION OF ANY OTHER FARM JOURNAL IN CANADA.

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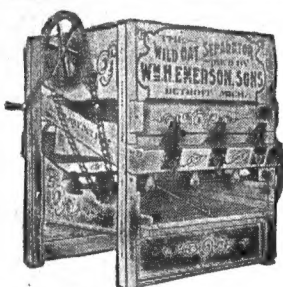
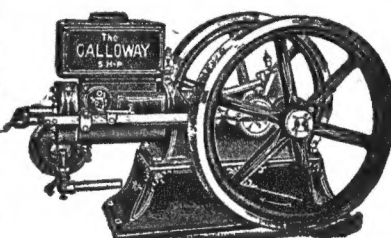
The Galloway is the most practical engine. It has built into it the engine experience of 80 years. It's the simplest, easiest understood, and therefore free from expensive stoppage for any reason.

My best proof is the fact that tens of thousands of farmers call the Galloway engine the simplest, easiest operated, and best engine they ever saw. They bought it after considering the merits of every other engine in the market, and after years of use they pin their faith to the Galloway.

You want to try a Galloway at my risk. I guarantee to ship promptly, I warrant it will arrive in good condition; I guarantee that you can operate it easily; and I promise you faithfully if in any way you are not pleased with the engine I will refund you all your money, pay the freight both ways and take the engine back to Winnipeg. Better still, I have a special proposition which I would like to make you by which you can partly or entirely pay for your engine. Write today for my new catalog.

WM. GALLOWAY, Pres.

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We positively guarantee our Separator to remove EVERY KERNEL of Wild or Tame Oats from your SEED WHEAT and NO WHEAT LOST with the Oats.

Perfect Separation of OATS from BARLEY or RYE for SEED.

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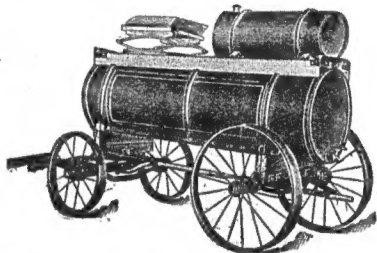


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All kinds of non-rusting Stock, Storage and Oil and Water Wagon Tanks



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# The Grain Growers' Guide

GEORGE F. CHIPMAN  
Editor

JOHN W. WARD  
Associate Editor

PUBLISHED under the auspices and employed as the Official Organ of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, and the United Farmers of Alberta. Published every Wednesday at Winnipeg, Canada. Authorized by the Postmaster-General, Ottawa, Canada, for transmission as second class mail matter.

The Guide is the only paper in Canada that is absolutely owned and controlled by the organized farmers. It is entirely independent, and not one dollar of political, capitalistic or Special Interest money is invested in it. All opinions expressed in The Guide are with the aim to make Canada a better country and to bring forward the day when "Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None" shall prevail.

Subscriptions to any part of the British Empire, \$1.00 per year; two years, \$1.50; three years, \$2.00; five years, \$3.00; ten years, \$5.00, in advance. Foreign subscriptions, \$1.50 per year in advance. Single copies 5 cents. Send money by express, post office or bank money order. We cannot accept responsibility for currency sent loosely in a letter.

We believe, through careful inquiry, that every advertisement in The Guide is signed by trustworthy persons. We will take it as a favor if any of our readers will advise us promptly should they have reason to question the reliability of any person or firm who advertises in The Guide. Change of advertising copy and new matter must reach us seven days in advance of date of publication to ensure insertion. More time must be allowed if proofs are desired.

### General Advertising Rates

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Eight words average line; fourteen lines to one inch; 720 lines to the full page. Reading matter advertisements are marked "Advertisement." All bills are due and payable monthly. When an advertiser is unknown to us, proper references must accompany the order.

### CLASSIFIED RATE

4 cents per word. No discount for time or space. Classified ads. are payable cash with order. No free publicity readers of any kind will be given. No display advertising of less than 14 agate lines will be accepted. No advertising for patent medicines, liquor, cigarettes, mining stock, or extravagantly worded real estate offers will be accepted.

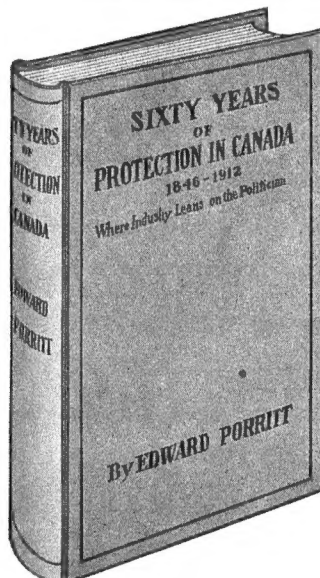
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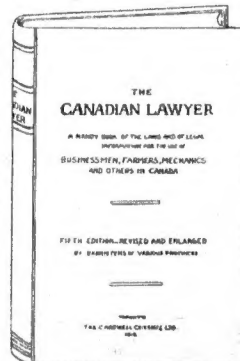
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"Ignorance of the law excuses no man." That's law. You can't always "guess" the law. You may not have time to "study" law. Lawyers charge high fees, especially some of them. But you must know law.

This book tells in a simple, direct and plain manner "how the farmer can keep out of law suits." It will protect you against the sharp practice of lawyers, agents or any person who might like to get you into a tight place. It will help you to do business strictly in accordance with the law, without engaging a lawyer and paying him \$5 to \$10 for every little bit of ordinary legal advice. Get this book and save your time and money. Farmers are losing many dollars every year through being unacquainted with their legal rights and proper method of redress.

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## Our Ottawa Letter

Finance Minister will Borrow and Spend Millions

(By The Guide Special Correspondent)

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—With the return of Premier Borden to the capital interest has been revived in the political issues of the day and the pressing problems which await action on the part of the government. Mr. Borden got back from the South on Sunday last. He declared that the month spent on the golf links at Hot Springs, Virginia, did him a world of good and that he is in good fettle for the tasks which confront him, including the arrangement for the sessional program. Mr. Borden certainly looks better, but, nevertheless, it must be frankly stated that some of his friends think that he is taking a too optimistic view of his condition. They fear that if he is not careful he will not be able to stand the tremendous wear and tear of a four or five months' session such as we are certain to have. The delay till January must necessarily mean that business will have to start off at a pretty fast clip and there will be no let up until the middle of June at the earliest. The presence of Hon. Geo. E. Foster at the capital for the greater part of the session should, however, take much of the load off the prime minister's shoulders and he will be able to save his energies more than he did last session. The exact date for the opening was this week fixed for Thursday, January 15.

### Commission on High Cost of Living

The first problem which confronted Mr. Borden on his return was a loud demand which has arisen for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the cause of the present high cost of living. Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor, whose department has charge of the collection of all statistical data relating to the price of food and other commodities, has, it is stated, for three months past recommended the appointment of a commission. Action was delayed, however, and from the political viewpoint the situation has been made most ticklish by the free food platform enunciated by Sir Wilfrid Laurier in his Hamilton speech. The ministers realize that the naming of a commission now will be interpreted by many people as a defensive move on the part of the government. Quite apart from that there are big interests which are bringing pressure to bear against the proposal to name a royal commission of inquiry. They are afraid that the evidence to be submitted on behalf of the people might indicate that the tariff is one of the most potent of contributory causes to the high cost of living. Of course, such an admission would not suit the interests. Therefore they can be counted upon to continue to buck the proposal. If nothing is done before the House opens it is altogether likely that strong pressure will be brought upon the government to have a parliamentary investigation. This would be more restricted in scope, because people desirous of giving evidence would have to come to the capital. Altogether the government is in somewhat of a quandary about the proposal, while fully realizing that a determination not to take action of any kind might be a serious business for the ministry.

### Decreasing Revenues—Increasing Expenditures

A shrinkage of nearly one and a half millions in the customs revenue for the month of November, following as it does a decrease almost as large in October, has resulted in wiping out entirely the betterment in collections which marked the first six months of the fiscal year. For the eight months which closed on November 30 the customs taxes totalled something over seventy-six millions, a slight decrease as compared with the same period last year. The monthly decreases are expected to continue for some time, with the inevitable result that the total collections for the year will fall at least five millions behind the high water record of the previous fiscal year. Coupled with this marked decrease in revenue comes the remarkable announcement that the estimates for the next session are to beat all records and that in order to meet capital expenditure the minister of finance has issued a prospectus in the London market calling for a Canadian loan of twenty millions. It would almost appear that the government is determined to

make an effort to create a fictitious prosperity by the unlimited expenditure of money on public works. This can be done by imposing a tax upon posterity which we should pay out of the large revenues of today. The worst feature of this plan, however, is that the minister of finance will be able to point to his empty treasury as a reason for declining to make any considerable reductions in the duties. Last week The Guide correspondent, as indicated in this letter, was inclined to think that the government would be compelled to revise the tariff downwards. But the deliberate announcement of the minister of finance made through the medium of the government press that he proposes "the greatest expenditure that has been," coupled with the further announcement that he is going to London for another loan of twenty millions, makes a decided change in the political kaleidoscope. It looks as though the money powers are going to have absolute control of the situation and the plain people will look in vain for any real measures of relief.

### OATS GOING SOUTH

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 10.—Minneapolis chamber of commerce firms yesterday bought half a million bushels of Canadian oats that will come to Minneapolis and pay the 6 cents per bushel import duty under the new tariff law, thereby recording the largest business of the kind since the first Canadian oats began to trickle across the boundary after the Underwood bill went into effect. A movement that the Great Northern, Soo and Northern Pacific roads have handled, wherein a car or two of Canadian oats have appeared on nearly every incoming grain train from the boundary line, has brought about 1,000,000 bushels into Minneapolis so far, but trains arriving over the Soo and Great Northern in the last few days have had 10 to 20 cars of Canadian oats. That the total importation by Minneapolis will have reached 2,000,000 bushels before the year ends was the prediction heard on 'change today.

### Difference in Measure

Thirty-four pounds is the legal bushel in Western Canada and thirty-two pounds is the legal weight in Minnesota, and therein the Western Canadian producer of oats finds an offset in part for the 6 cents a bushel duty that he has to stand. The Van Dusen Harrington Co., McLaughlin & Co., T. M. McCord & Co., and other firms have been identified with the southward movement.

What the increasing movement will do to the Minnesota oats producer, was a question on 'change today. The recent bringing in of a car of Western Canadian wheat, which sold at Minneapolis prices after paying 10 cents a bushel import duty and freight from a Manitoba point, was interesting, grain trade men said, not so much for its own importance as in the showing of what might happen if the Canadian government takes off the countervailing duty in January, as some of the trade expect. But the Canadian government may not do that, and no great inrush of Canadian wheat is expected while the 10 cent import duty remains in effect.

The oats sold at 40 cents, or practically the same price as the Minneapolis figure for the corresponding quality, are coming in with payment of freight and duty as a part of the calculation.

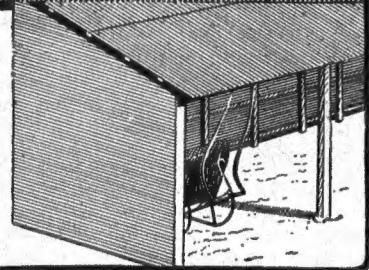
### REFERENDUM ON "BANISH THE BAR"

A bill to provide for the taking of a referendum of the Province on the question of banishing the bar, has been introduced into the Saskatchewan Legislature. According to the bill, as introduced, the vote will be taken at the time of the next municipal elections, in December, 1914, and a clear majority will decide the issue, provided 50,000 votes are cast. If the referendum is carried, it will mean that every bar room in the province will be closed, and the whole of the liquor business will have to be carried on by the wholesale dealers. The vote will be taken on the parliamentary lists, which comprise approximately 175,000 names.

## "Metallic" Corrugated Iron Buildings Cost Less Than Wood Buildings

You can have fire-proof, lightning-proof and weather-proof farm buildings and save money by using "Metallic" Corrugated Iron. Before you buy any building material write to us. We will show you how you can save cost, labor, and material and get better buildings. "Metallic" Corrugated Iron is made in galvanized or painted sheets, straight or curved.

THE METALLIC ROOFING CO., Limited  
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797 Notre Dame Ave. King and Dufferin Sts.



## Short Course in Agriculture

A Short Course in Agriculture will be held at the College of Agriculture, Saskatoon, January 22 to 30. There will be lectures on Field Crops and Soil Management; Breeding and Management of Live Stock; Farm Machinery, Buildings, Water Supply and Sanitation; Veterinary Science; Trees, Shrubs, Flowers and Shelter Belts; Poultry, Weeds, Birds and Insects in Relation to Agriculture, etc., etc. The World's Champion Steer, winner at the International Live Stock Exposition at Chicago, will be at the College for demonstration purposes. For fuller information write to—

S. E. GREENWAY, Director of Extension Work, Saskatoon

P.S.—Annual Provincial Seed Fair, January 19 to 24.

Annual Convention of Agricultural Societies, January 27 to 30.

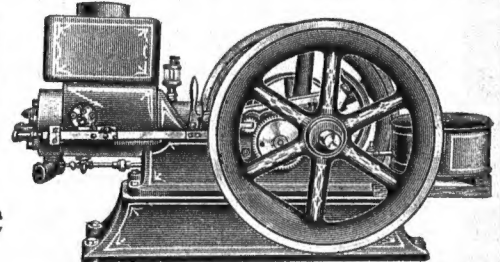
Saskatchewan Provincial Poultry Show, January 27 to 29.

Buy railway fare one way and ask the agent for Standard Certificate.

Lowest in Price because made in Large Quantities at  
Low Manufacturing Cost

## The Waterloo Boy Price List For Cash With Order

1½ H.P. Air Cooled Engine	\$38.40
1½ H.P. Hopper Cooled Engine	39.20
2½ H.P. Hopper Cooled Engine	56.80
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These Engines will all develop from a half to a horse power more than they are rated above.

Will run all day without attention, furnish exactly the power you need, maintain a uniform speed, and save you money every hour it works. Use either kerosene or gasoline for fuel. Best economist of time and money you can place on the farm.

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BURRIDGE COOPER CO. LTD., Winnipeg and Regina

SHIP YOUR  
**FURS AND HIDES**  
TO  
McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.  
WINNIPEG - MANITOBA  
WRITE FOR CIRCULAR  
TRAPPERS' GUIDE FREE TO THOSE WHO SHIP TO US

## MEN WANTED

To learn to operate and repair Gas Tractors and Automobiles. Our graduates are receiving from \$3.00 to \$8.00 per day. Our employment plan enables us to place our students in good positions after graduation. We also teach Plumbing, Bricklaying, etc. We teach by actual practice on the machines or by correspondence. Write for Free Illustrated Catalog. OMAR SCHOOL OF TRADES AND ARTS, 483 Main St. Winnipeg.

## Ship Your Live Poultry

TO BERE LEVITSKY & CO.

39 SCHULTZ STREET, WINNIPEG

LIVE OLD HENS	per lb. 12½c
LIVE TURKEYS	" 17c
LIVE ROOSTERS	" 10c
LIVE GEESE	" 14c
LIVE DUCKS	" 14c
LIVE SPRING CHICKENS	" 13c

PRICES F.O.B. WINNIPEG

If willing to keep your Old Hens until the end of January we will then guarantee 16 cents per lb., f.o.b. Winnipeg. In the meantime let us know how many you have.

Cash sent back immediately upon receipt of goods. Best market price paid for Cattle Hides.

## BEEF HIDES RAW FURS

If you want the Highest Market Price for your Beef Hides and Raw Furs ship them direct to us. Write us for our new Price List, mailed Free to any address.

Northwest Hide and Fur Co.  
278 Rupert Ave., Winnipeg



# Alberta

This Section of The Guide is conducted officially for the United Farmers of Alberta by P. P. Woodbridge, Secretary, Calgary, Alberta.

## ENDIANG'S BIG SOCIAL

The Endiang local of the United Farmers of Alberta gave a box social, entertainment and dance in the Endiang school-house, on November 14. The play was billed to start at 8.30 p.m. and by that time the school-house was filled to overflowing, some two hundred people being present. The first part of the program was rendered by Miss Guthrie, the Endiang school teacher, and the school children, in a play entitled "Ye Skewl Days of Lang Ago." This was both natural and comical, causing roars of laughter and applause from the audience. Miss Evans gave several musical selections on the piano, which were well received and loudly encored. Miss Lowe, of Dowling Lake, gave a recitation. W. H. Foreman sang a solo, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Sid. Foreman. S. Bannen, of Dowling Lake, also gave a solo entitled "School Days," which was well applauded and encored. Mrs. W. Bannen also sang, accompanied on the piano by Miss Guthrie. Several others also assisted with singing and music. Next came D. Buckingham, our district director and organizer, from Stettler, who spoke on the principles and work of the U. F. A.,

including pork-packing plants and co-operative elevators and was well received by the audience. The selling of the boxes was ably conducted by our President, Dave Kiddie, as auctioneer, after which everyone did justice to the inner man. After supper the floor was cleared for dancing, which was indulged in till the "wee sma' hours" of the morning, when everybody departed for their respective homes, feeling both happy and tired. The committee and members wish to thank all those that so willingly assisted in the program and hope that our next entertainment will exceed even this one.

RALPH HENSHAW, Sec.-Treas.

A new union reports from Raven, with Arthur O. Cole as secretary. Mr. Cole writes as follows:

Enclosed please find list of members enrolled in the Raven Local Union today. This is a start and I think that when we get under weigh others will come in.

Kindly send me list of supplies, also particulars of regulations in connection with forwarding produce to the Calgary Public Market stall. Is any charge made for selling? Please send samples

of the official organ and advise me of any necessary instructions. This union starts out with thirteen members and will doubtless be heard of again soon.

The November meeting of the Amunson Local Union, No. 413, was called to order by C. O. Drayton, as chairman, in the absence of the president and vice-president. Roll was called and a number of circular letters read which had accumulated and which proved to be very interesting, especially as there were no addresses or reports of committees. The possibilities of shipping in fruit and sending produce to Calgary were discussed, but it was agreed that the railway facilities practically render it impossible to deal with Calgary at the present time. Moved by R. Sylvester and seconded by C. Miller that this branch do contribute an equal amount toward the local Christmas Tree Entertainment as the Women's Institute and the Sunday school—\$7.50 being the amount to be handed over to the committee. Carried.

E. R. MORLEY, Sec.-Treas.

Penhold Union, No. 13, recently reported on, have just sent in dues for twenty-eight more members, bringing the total paid up membership for this year up to sixty, a substantial increase over last year.

Halkirk Union, No. 140, also sends in fees for another eighteen members, making their total membership paid up for this year forty-eight.

## NEW LOCAL NEARLY 100 STRONG

In sending in a very welcome remittance for new members and a supply of buttons, W. H. Bird, of Crocus Plains Union, reports eighty-nine members for the year in good standing and remarks, "we hope to be a little more alive during the next few months." This is one of this year's new unions and made a splendid start in the early spring.

## EXCEL PROFITS BY CO-OPERATION

P. E. Kirkpatrick, of Excel, writes as follows:

"Owing to the recent death of my mother, I have not been able to attend to the business of our local as well as I might wish. You have not heard much from me during the summer, but we have not been idle, nevertheless. In June we organized a District Association, but discontinued its meetings because of the long distances the members had to travel to attend meetings during threshing and harvest time. We have, however, held several meetings and have called a meeting for December 6 to subscribe shares in the Farmers' Elevator Company. We have been quite successful in buying flour and coal and have saved some few dollars; but the fact of a dollar saved is not so great, to my mind, as the fact that we have proved to other farmers that a dollar may be saved by co-operation and they are encouraged to enter further co-operative measures with less suspicion than before. At our last meeting yesterday afternoon, a delegate was appointed to attend the annual convention at Lethbridge. In one of your circular letters you mentioned a special train to leave Calgary for the convention. Will you tell me when and at what time that train leaves?"

Carl Paulson, of Asker, has recently been materially assisting in our organization work and has just sent in the report of new unions, one at Jarvis Bay, with J. W. Murdock as secretary, and another at Manfred, with O. T. Smiley as secretary.

A further report from the secretary of the Maple Leaf Union, enclosing yet another remittance for membership fees, says: "We have some of our fellow farmers going alright and hope to be able to better ourselves to some extent at least. Three local meetings and one joint meeting will soon be our record for one month. We have fifty-one paid up members now and hope to get a few more yet. It takes a great deal of talking and patience to get some men to realize their situation and to show them how to improve their lot." The union is now engaged in arranging for a unit of the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator company at their point and are convinced that they can make a success of it.

Beaumont Union, No. 5, reports regularly and is credited with thirty-seven paid-up members this year. The Union appears to take considerable interest in matters of local concern. The union appears to be composed almost entirely of French settlers, who are certainly not lacking in enthusiasm. In the spring a contribution of \$10 was sent to our Organization Fund. A considerable amount of co-operative purchasing is done by the members and on October 5, the date of the last report, the union was still going strongly.

Olds Union, No. 11, has thirty paid-up members to date, and has been doing good work, particularly in co-operative buying and selling. Unfortunately very little correspondence is to hand from their secretary, so that a report in detail cannot be given. We understand, however, that the union is hard at work arranging for the Co-operative Elevator Co. to establish themselves at Olds.

Airdrie Union, No. 239, reports 50 members for the first half of the year and is now said to be well over the 100 mark. The union operates extensively in the purchasing of various supplies by the carload direct. Recently a new union has been organized covering the south part of their territory. This union also being so close to Calgary, is deeply interested in the new marketing facilities for them, and will doubtless devise ways and means for the co-operative marketing of their produce at an early date.

Red Willow Union, No. 236, has been taking a great interest in the elevator question. The union reports 51 members to date.

## HERE'S THE PROOF

THAT THE RAPID VACUUM WASHER  
DOES ALL THAT WE SAY IT WILL.

These are only a few testimonials taken at random from thousands we have on file.

### ONTARIO.

"I received my Vacuum Washer, and find it is all you claim it to be. I like it very much." Mrs. O. Banks, Thamesford.

"We have tried your Vacuum Washer, and can recommend it to anyone." Henry T. Bolton, Fordwich.

"I received the Rapid Vacuum Washer. It is a little jewel." Mrs. Clark, Grimsby.

"I have tested the Vacuum Washer and found it efficient." Mr. A. Powassan.

"Received the Rapid Vacuum Washer and find it quite satisfactory." Jane Robinson, Milliken.

"We did a four weeks' wash with the Vacuum Washer, and best washer we have seen." Howell, Beamsville.

"The Rapid Washer is a great on the clothes, and is easy to use. We tried another make, the and it did not draw the dirt out does yours."

"Have tried the Rapid Vacuum Washer on heavy bedding, and it worked fine." Mrs. Peter Halliday, Holloway.

"The Rapid Vacuum Washer gives perfect satisfaction." Mrs. S. M. Switzer, Newboro.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA

"I am well pleased with the work of the Rapid Vacuum Washer." Mrs. Samuel McLeod, Phoenix.

"Received Vacuum Washer. It is fine. Kindly send me twelve more for which I have taken orders." John McLeod, Ladysmith.

"Enclosed is money for ten washers. This is my first venture but I know I can sell them. They are fine." Mrs. F. A. Riches, Cranbrook.

"I duly received the two washers ordered. They do their work as claimed. Enclosed is money for 15 more." Mrs. F. Barlee, Grand Forks.

"Received the Rapid Vacuum Washer and am very well pleased with it. It saves a great deal of labor. Enclosed is money order for ten more." Mrs. E. A. Wilson, Port Hammond.

"Received Vacuum Washer. I have tried it and it gives perfect satisfaction." Mr. E. Thompson, Church House.

"Rapid Vacuum Washer received, and is very satisfactory. Shall recommend it to all my friends." J. R. Michie, James Road P. O., Vancouver.

### NOVA SCOTIA

"The Rapid is the best yet. Send me ten at agents' prices." Mr. William Ryan, Thorburn.

"We have used your washer, and find it all right. Enclosed is express order for 25 Washers at agents' price." Lewis L. Miller, Westville.

"Washer does all you claim. Send me 10 to sell." Mrs. James Burgess, Port Mouton.

"Have tried washer. It does its work. Will become an agent and want 10 to start with." Mrs. Norman Ferguson, Port Morien.

"My wife gave the Rapid Vacuum Washer a trial, and with very satisfactory results."

Send \$1.00, and The  
Rapid Vacuum Washer  
will be sent to any address,  
postpaid, by return mail.  
Write now, while you think of it.

FISHER-FORD MFG. CO.  
31 Queen St. W., Toronto  
Dept. W. 59

### QUEBEC.

"J'ai esseez votre Machine Fisher-Ford, elle est toute-a-fait satisfaisante." Dr. A. E. Vary, St. Ours.

"I am very satisfied with the Rapid Washer, and will become your agent." Miss F. Hayden, 95 Joliette St., Montreal.

"Have great confidence in your Vacuum Washer. It works fine." Jos. Brodeur, 1487 Notre Dame E., Montreal.

"I find the Rapid Vacuum Washer not only a success, but a wonder. It certainly does its work to a finish." J. E. Seale, 114 Clark St., Montreal.

"We are much pleased with the washer, and will recommend it to our friends." E. McManus, Montreal.

"I have received your Washing machine and must tell you it gives us satisfaction." Chr. Minard, Montreal.

"The Vacuum Washer you sent has done good work. Enclosed is express order for 25 which I am sure I can sell." A. L. Burns, Rawdon.

"Your Washer has given splendid satisfaction. Am sending 10 to sell." Mrs. Geo. Connor, 81 Queen St., Sherbrooke.

### SASKATCHEWAN.

"Am certainly pleased with the Vacuum Washer." Miss E. H. Kalbfleisch, Carlton.

"Have used the Rapid Vacuum Washer on everything from Whitney blankets and counterpanes to muslin curtains. It does one equally as well as the

other." Mrs. D. T. Westmacott, McDowall P. O.

"Send me 10 Washers to sell. I am well pleased with my own. It is the best machine I have used." H. L. M. Furze, Le Ross.

"Have received the Washer, and proved it to be all you claim." Mrs. T. D. Wetscote, Donnybrook.

"The Rapid Vacuum Washer is good, and I want the agency." Ole Harilstad, Anson.

"The Washer has proved up well in tests. Please send me your agents' Mrs. Smith, Courval P. O.

### ALBERTA.

"Rapid Vacuum Washer is a wonder. Does better work than any washer I have that cost \$18.50." John Douglass, Vulcan.

"I have used the Rapid Vacuum Washer, and have never done a washing with such ease in my life." Mrs. A. Willie, Stony Plain.

"Your washer has given great satisfaction, and I will take the agency." W. M. Kinder, Milk River.

"Am very much pleased with the work of the Rapid Vacuum Washer." Mrs. C. E. Burford, Minburn.

"Am sending for 10 more Washers. They are giving splendid satisfaction." Gust. Vasek, Corofation, Alta.

"I am highly pleased with my Vacuum Washer." Ed. W. Smith, Reid Hill.

### NEW BRUNSWICK.

"I received the Rapid Vacuum Washer, and will be your agent. It is a good washer." Edgar Betts, Doaktown.

"Your Washer does all and more than you say it will. Am sending for 25 more at the special price." John Dumaresq, St. Isidore.

"Have tried your Washer, and like it very much." Mrs. Paul, Doaktown Settlement.

"The Vacuum Washer does good work, and I will recommend it." J. LaPointe, Lorne Settlement.

"The Rapid Washer is very satisfactory, and am sending an agent's order for 10 more." J. S. B. Willisten, Bay du Vin.

### MANITOBA.

"My wife has tried the Vacuum Washer, and thinks it is fine." G. H. Basky, Arden.

"Rush by express thirty Washers. Everybody is pleased with them." Ross, Eden.

"The Washer is certainly great. Will take the agency." C. H. Stewart, Valley Stream.

"Send me 10 Washers at once. Am sure I can sell a lot. They all like mine." Jean McKenzie, Austin.

"Your Vacuum Washer does good work." Mrs. John Bolton, Neepawa.



# The Grain Growers' Guide

Winnipeg, Wednesday, December 17th, 1913

## PREPARING FOR ANNUAL CONVENTIONS

The Annual Convention season is now upon us, and during the next two months the Associations in the three Prairie Provinces will send their delegates to the conventions to deliberate upon all the vital matters of interest to the farmers of the West. It is of great importance that every local association in the three provinces should have its representatives duly elected and in attendance at these annual conventions, as they are the most important events in the life of the organized farmers, and they are the only organizations that are endeavoring to improve conditions so that the agricultural industry can take its proper place along with other industries in Canada. There are now upwards of 50,000 farmers identified with the three organizations, and by working together they have become a great force in the land. There is still a much larger number of farmers who are not connected with the Associations, and every effort should be made to bring as many of these farmers as possible into the organization for their own self protection. The three Associations in the beginning devoted the greater part of their time to the improvement of conditions surrounding the grain trade, but, as they have developed and studied the situation generally, they have learned that practically any question of importance to Canadian citizens is of vital importance to the western farmers. The constitutions of the three Associations are very wide, permitting them to deal with any question affecting the welfare of the farmers. And it is on this account that the farmers have been forced to consider such questions as the tariff, freight rates (railway, lake and ocean), the navy, Direct Legislation, co-operation, taxation and many others. The result is that the organized farmers as a whole are exceptionally well informed upon these questions, and have very progressive views. In fact there is no other equally large organization in Canada so well informed upon questions of national importance as the organized farmers of the three Prairie Provinces. It is, under the circumstances, very important that at the Annual Conventions, the farmers in arriving at decisions should have due regard to all other interests in Canada, and remember that all other industries are closely associated with their own. We believe in the past that they have kept this matter in mind and that they will do so in the future. In view of the fact that Eastern Canada and Great Britain, and, in fact, the English-speaking world, is watching the organized farmers closely, it is very essential that all decisions arrived at in the Annual Conventions should be very carefully considered. It is of vital importance, in this connection, that every resolution passed by the conventions should clearly and definitely express the views of the delegates, and not be prepared hurriedly. The resolutions themselves are practically the only report of the conventions which reach these distant fields, and it is largely upon such resolutions that the western farmers are judged. It is, therefore, very wise to have the preamble of each resolution set forth clearly and distinctly the reason why the decisions have been arrived at. This is the only way that the outside readers understand fully conditions under which the organized farmers are laboring.

If hard times make the people of Canada see the iniquity of the protective tariff, the present situation will not be an un-mixed evil.

## END OF FREIGHT RATES CASE

The hearing of evidence and argument in the Western Freight rates case, which was opened in February, 1912, was concluded on Friday last at Ottawa, and the country now awaits the judgment of the Board of Railway Commissioners. The investigation was held as the result of a complaint made on behalf of the people of Western Canada that the charges for carrying freight in the Western Provinces were unjust and excessive and that the West was discriminated against by the railway companies, who charged considerably higher rates in the West than those in force in the East for the same distances and under the same conditions. An enormous mass of statistics, expert testimony and argument has been presented and although much of this has necessarily been of a technical nature, the general public has been able at least to appreciate the outstanding facts brought out by the investigation that the rates charged on Western lines are greatly in excess of those in the East, that the volume of traffic is greater in the West than in the East, that the cost of operation is lower in the West than in the East, and that the largest profits of the railway companies are earned in the Prairie Provinces. The inquiry, besides being the largest that has ever been undertaken by the Dominion Railway Commission, has been unique in that the array of highly paid and able corporation lawyers employed by the railway companies has, for the first time in such an enquiry, been met by counsel representing the people fully equal in ability and having at their command all the resources necessary to a proper presentation of the people's case. The result was that two months after the opening of the enquiry, the Railway Commission decided that discrimination against the West had been proven, and that the onus lay upon the railways to prove the justice of the higher charges in this section of Canada. For the past year and eight months the railway experts and their lawyers have been laboring with that task, and they have failed. The C.P.R., however, still appears to consider that the farmers of the West are here chiefly to provide the shareholders of the railway with dividends. F. H. Chrysler, the leader of the C.P.R. legal squad, last week argued before the Commission that although the rates charged in the West were higher than those in the East, they were, nevertheless, "reasonable for the service rendered." Mr. Drayton, chairman of the Commission, asked how Mr. Chrysler would apply that theory to the farmers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The C.P.R. counsel replied: "On such a basis as will permit the farmer to carry on his business and do so well that his example will be an inducement to others to do the same." This is only another way of putting the old principle, always enforced on Canadian railways, of making the rates "all that the traffic will bear." Mr. Chrysler might as well have said: "I think the C.P.R. is entitled to everything the farmer makes over and above sufficient for him to live upon." If they do not leave him enough for that the farmer will have to go out of business and there will be no freight for the C.P.R., but so long as rates are not so high as to bankrupt the farmers and stop immigration, they are "reasonable" in the opinion of the C.P.R. It is not to be expected, however, that the Railway Commission will accept this definition of "reasonable." The commissioners know that the Canadian railways have been built with public money and that they have been generously aided by the public for the purpose of providing the

lowest possible rates and the best possible service. A better definition of reasonable rates would be: "The lowest rates on which a railway under efficient management can give a proper service to the public, pay fair wages, and earn the current rate of interest on the money of the shareholders actually invested in the road." Under these conditions, rates would be greatly reduced and there would be very little money required to pay dividends, and there would be no "melons," for all our Canadian roads have been built with public money and from the proceeds of land grants and actually the owners of the roads have never risked any appreciable amount of their own money in their railroad enterprises.

## CONSOLIDATION OF FARMERS' COMPANIES

Two letters in our correspondence columns this week deal with a question that has been in the minds of a great many of our readers for some time. They call attention to the fact that there are now three big farmers' grain companies operating in the three Western Provinces: The Grain Growers' Grain Company operating in all three provinces, as well as in British Columbia, the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company in Saskatchewan, and the Alberta Co-operative Elevator Company in Alberta. These three companies were all brought into existence for the same purpose, to improve conditions in the grain trade and to give farmers a better price for their grain and better treatment in the handling of it. The two former companies have now become the two largest grain handling companies in Canada, while the Alberta Company, though less than a year old, will very shortly take third place. The capital stock in the three of these companies is all held by farmers on the prairies, there being now between 25,000 and 30,000 farmers holding stock in the three companies. The Grain Growers' Grain Company has 14,000 farmer shareholders, a small number of whom are in Alberta, but is practically evenly divided between Manitoba and Saskatchewan. This company operates the Manitoba Government elevators, and a small number of elevators of its own in the same province. The Manitoba Government elevators will pass out of the hands of the company next August, as the Government has cancelled the lease. The Grain Growers' Grain Company operates a large terminal at the head of the lakes as well as a large cleaning and drying plant in the same place. It has also a selling agency in New Westminster, B.C., and is now building up a trade in seed and feed with the Ontario farmers. During the first year the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company was in business it acted as a grain collecting agency and the Grain Growers' Grain Company acted as its selling agency. During the past year, however, the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company operated its own commission department in Winnipeg and has marketed its own grain. The Alberta Co-operative Elevator Company this year is also acting as a collecting agency for grain and the Grain Growers' Grain Company is doing its marketing. This gives our readers an idea of the three farmers' companies that will this year handle an aggregate of probably 50,000,000 bushels or more of the farmers' grain. The point that interests our correspondents and thousands of our readers is whether it is the best interest of the farmers themselves to have three separate and competing companies handling their own grain. There is no doubt



but that competition between the three companies will not produce as good results as a consolidation, as in that way all the grain collected by the three farmers' companies could be handled through one selling agency and thus be a dominant factor in the Canadian grain trade. By working together, also, and making good connections with British and Continental importers, the three farmers' companies also could undoubtedly build up an immense export trade, which would not only bring better returns to the farmers, but would also be a profitable business in itself. Just how such a consolidation or co-ordination can be worked out it is difficult to say at the present time, but it is a question which is of vital importance to the three provincial associations as well as to the three companies, which are really the children of the associations. This would be an excellent subject for discussion, and one in which there lie greater possibilities, probably, than in any other subject now before the organized farmers. The consolidation of the farmers' interests will give them a united front against all opposing interests, and will also put them in a position to develop a great co-operative movement handling not only the farmers' grain but everything else the farmer has to buy or sell. We invite correspondence upon this subject.

### A \$10,000,000 XMAS BOX

The shareholders of the C.P.R. last week received a small token of the esteem of their directors in the form of a Christmas box worth just \$10,400,000. But while the directors of the C.P.R. handed this handsome gift to the shareholders, including themselves, they did not pay for it. Not at all. It is to be paid for by the people who ride on the trains, ship and receive freight, send telegrams and despatch express parcels. It is being done in this way. The C.P.R. wants some money to build more lines, bore tunnels and for other worthy purposes. The directors propose to obtain some of this money by issuing notes payable ten years hence, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The C.P.R. being financially sound, thanks to the generosity of the Canadian governments and the exploitability of the Canadian people, its six per cent. notes are worth considerably more than 100 cents on the dollar. Instead of realizing their full value, however, the notes are to be sold to the existing shareholders at 80 cents on the dollar, in the proportion of one \$100 note to every five \$100 shares held. A shareholder who has funds to invest, can thus secure an investment on gilt edged security, which will yield approximately 10 per cent. For the investment of \$80 he will receive \$6 a year in interest, which is just 7½ per cent., and in addition, at the end of ten years he will receive back his \$80 with \$20 added, which is another 25 per cent. for ten years, or 2½ per cent. per annum, making a total interest of 10 per cent. per annum. On the other hand the shareholder may get his Christmas box in a lump sum now by selling his "rights" to a share of the new issue. A London cable of December 9, containing the news of the announcement of the note issue, states that the rights were already being heavily dealt in at \$4⅓ per existing share, which makes the value of each new \$100 note now being sold for \$80, just \$101.87½. This is what is known in financial circles as a "melon." Compared with some of the previous C.P.R. melons it is a small one, for, if we disregard the odd \$1.87½ per note, it amounts to only \$10,400,000. Notes are being issued for \$52,000,000, and at \$80 per cent. these will realize \$41,600,000. To put it another way it is equal to a supplementary dividend to the C.P.R. shareholders of 4 per cent., bringing the dividend for the present year to 14 per cent. This welcome Christmas box is being handed out in connection with the adoption of a new policy of segregation

in connection with the land account of the C.P.R., and it is understood that the performance will be repeated annually. It is understood also, from the last annual address of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, that the steamship department, the express company and the many other sidelines of the C.P.R. are to be segregated within the near future, and if the public, the Railway Commission and the Government stand for this melon, there is no doubt that as each department is segregated a few millions extracted from the pockets of the users of the C.P.R. will be handed to the shareholders. It is time the people of Canada really woke up to the fact that the C.P.R. was built with public money and that it is the business of Parliament to control that company and reduce its rates in such a way that it would not be able to take money from the pockets of the people to make \$10,000,000 Christmas boxes.

### THE LAKE FREIGHT COMBINE

It was recently announced in one of the Toronto papers that the new merger of steamship companies handling traffic on the Great Lakes had been completed. James Carruthers, the big grain exporter of Montreal, and president of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, is the moving spirit of the new merger, and reports state that the following companies are included in the combine: Inland Lines, Niagara Navigation Company, Thousand Islands Steamboat Company, St. Lawrence Steamboat Company, Lake Ontario and Quinte Steamboat Company, Northern Navigation Company, Quebec Steamship Company, Canada Interlake Lines, Ltd., and Ontario and Quebec Navigation Company. In addition to these subsidiary companies of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, there are several individual companies included in the new merger, which is now known by the name of Canadian Steamship Lines, and has been capitalized at \$25,000,000, though public report does not state how much of this is water. Those who have studied the freight rates on grain across the Great Lakes point out the excellent field in which the new merger will conduct its operations. From Fort William to Buffalo and Port Colborne, a distance of 851 miles, it is stated that the rates are fairly well regulated by the competition of American boats carrying a large portion of Canadian grain from Fort William to Buffalo. Though the rates over this distance are considered rather high, yet it is not regarded as the section where the Western Farmers are greatly overcharged in the transportation of their grain. Indeed, some of the vessel men claim that a few of the boats over this route, which during the past few years have been chartered at from ¾ cents to 7/8 cents per bushel, have been operated below actual cost. But these rates have been uncommonly low, as they have varied from 1½ cents up to 3 cents for November, and occasionally higher. From Port Colborne to Kingston, a distance of 190 miles, there is no competition and very few independent steamers. The result is that the rates varied from 3 cents to 4½ cents per bushel or an average of nearly 1½ cents per bushel more than over a four times greater distance from Fort William to Port Colborne. Before the days of the merger the regular rate to Kingston was 1 cent per bushel over the rate to Lake Erie ports, and the time consumed was three and a half days extra from Port Colborne to Kingston and return. From Kingston to Montreal, a distance of 187 miles, there has been an advance in rates of 17/8 cents per bushel, including the handling of the grain through the Kingston elevators. This service has always been practically a monopoly and the charges are very excessive. The old rate from Port Colborne to Kingston of 1 cent, added to the former rate of 17/8 cents from Kingston to Montreal, makes the

charge 27/8 cents per bushel. During the past season the rate over this same distance has averaged at least 3¾ cents per bushel, showing that 7/8 cents per bushel has been taken out of the farmers on the price of their grain by freight charges on Lake Ontario. But those who have investigated declare that it is on the through rates from Fort William to Montreal, a distance of 1,228 miles, where the monopoly gets in its best work. It is stated that the original mergers which have been absorbed in the Canada Steamship Lines, gives Mr. Carruthers' company a practical monopoly of all the steamships running from Montreal to Fort William and back. Though it has been impossible to get exact figures for the purpose of comparison, we are informed that the rates from Fort William to Montreal will average fully 2 cents a bushel higher than those in effect a couple of years ago, despite the large increases in the number of vessels plying over this line.

Two cents per bushel does not seem a very large toll on the farmers' wheat, but it means \$20 on a 60,000 pound car, and it means \$26.66 on an 80,000 pound car. Last week we showed that the combine in ocean steamship companies had taken an extra 4½ cents per bushel out of the farmers' wheat between the Atlantic ports and Liverpool, which means a loss to the farmer of \$45 on a 60,000 pound car or \$60 on an 80,000 pound car. While it is difficult to regulate the ocean steamship traffic, because of its international character, it should be a very easy matter to regulate any combine among the lake shipping companies, as the Canadian parliament has complete jurisdiction over this territory.

The cost of enlarging the Welland Canal is estimated at \$50,000,000, the annual interest on which will amount to \$2,250,000. It is stated that the expenses of operating the canal will absorb all tolls that are collected from vessels. If this \$2,250,000 interest were used as a bonus it would be one cent per bushel on 225,000,000 bushels of grain, which is probably as much reduction in freights as the enlarged Welland Canal will provide. We are informed that a capital investment of \$2,250,000 would build twenty vessels of full canal size to operate on the lakes, so it would not be a very expensive matter for the Government to break up the lake merger and reduce freight rates to a reasonable figure, by establishing a Government owned and operated line of lake steamers. At least the Government might make a thorough investigation into the matter and see if there is not some method by which western farmers can be saved this heavy toll upon all their grain passing across the Great Lakes.

### VOTES STILL COMING IN

Have you marked your ballot in The Guide Referendum? If not, "Do It Now." Some thousands of ballots have been received, but there should be thousands more yet. The ballots were printed in The Guide of December 3, and nowhere else. There is a women's ballot and a men's ballot, and every reader of The Guide should vote and thus make the Referendum thoroughly representative.

A delegation representing the organized farmers of Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, waited upon the government on Tuesday to request the passage of legislation in the interests of the agricultural community and of Canada as a whole. Representatives of the railways, banks and manufacturers will also visit Ottawa, though they will not publicly announce the fact or what they will ask for. We shall see who will receive the most consideration during the coming session of Parliament.



# The Chicago International

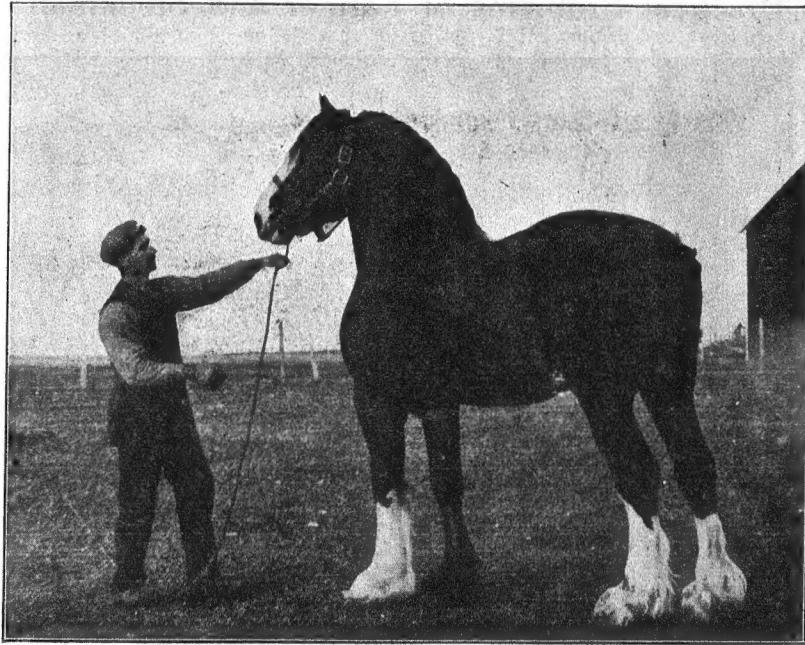
By J. Cochrane Smith, Livestock Commissioner for Saskatchewan

The Chicago International Exposition of 1913 can truthfully be said to have been a bigger event in every sense of the word than any of its kind heretofore. The entries of livestock were larger and the quality, especially in certain classes, was higher. The attendance eclipsed all previous records and the competition in every section was of the keenest order. Especially from a Canadian standpoint the 1913 International must go down into history as a memorable event in the annals of the livestock world.

It has been generally admitted that, both individually and collectively, the prize winners of this year were animals of more than outstanding merit. The exhibition is primarily a fat stock show, and as such is probably the largest and best on the North American continent. The exhibits in the carlot classes of cattle, sheep and swine were all of high order, and despite the condition of the markets and the scarcity of supply, the numbers were in excess of former years. For instance, out of 120 car loads of cattle entered, 73 passed the first selection committee, as against 61 in 1912, and other classes of livestock were on the same footing. The first prize carlot, bred and fed by Escher and Ryan, Irwin, Iowa, consisted of two-year-old Angus steers, and they were certainly models as far as smoothness and depth of fleshing were concerned. This is the second time these owners have achieved the coveted distinction of carrying off the blue ribbon trophy in the feeding classes. A bunch of yearlings of first class quality ran them very close for premium honors, and a decision in their favor would not have allowed of much unfavorable comment.

## Manitoba Wins Grand Championship

The Canadian exhibitors started their winnings early in the week, when J. D.



"THE BRUCE"

By "Revelanta." Sire of several winners in young classes at Chicago International. Owned by E. H. Taber, Condie, Sask.

McGregor, of Brandon, carried off first prize in a senior yearling class of grade Angus steers, with his Glencarnock Victor 2nd. This bullock is one of the most finished block animals that it has been the pleasure of the writer to see, combining, as he does, smoothness, depth of fleshing and ideal beef type, it is indeed hard to fault him, and although there were a large number of very high class animals there, it cannot be said, even by the most critical, that this

animal was not well worthy of all the honors that afterwards came his way. It speaks well for Western Canada in general, and Manitoba in particular, that a man of Mr. McGregor's influence should devote himself to the breeding of such cattle and it has been proven without fear of contradiction that we have in the Canadian West the proper material with which to produce the very highest class of beef that it is possible to obtain. The same steer afterwards carried off

the championship for the best grade animal in the fat classes, after an extremely exciting contest with another Angus steer from Perdue University. The excitement at the time of the placing of these ribbons was intense and there was not a Canadian present but felt a thrill when the purple ribbon was awarded to the Manitoba animal. The next day the same steer carried all before him in the championship and grand championship classes, this being the second time in succession that the grand championship goes to Mr. McGregor, which I believe is a new record for an individual. Great credit is also due the feeder and fitter of Glencarnock Victor for the condition in which he was brought out. Mr. McGregor also won first for the best three grade or cross bred steers in the show, as well as the best herd two years old and under. Taken as a whole, the awards in the fat classes were a great triumph for the Angus breeders.

## Ontario's Fine Sheep

Whilst Manitoba was cleaning things up in the fat cattle section, Ontario was not behindhand in that of sheep. Mr. Campbell, of Woodville, secured not only the grand championship for the best fat wether, but numerous other prizes as well, whilst other exhibitors who made things interesting were Messrs. Kelly, of Shakespeare, McEwen, of Byron, Lee, of Highgate, and O'Brien, of Ridgetown. A. J. McKay, of Macdonald, Man., adjudicated to the satisfaction of all in the Leicester classes, and his selection for this important position points him out as one of the leading sheep breeders in the West.

The horse section at the exhibition was on a par with the others and there was a decidedly higher class of stock forwarded in several sections than was

Continued on Page 14

# The Mail Bag

## FAVORS CONSOLIDATION IDEA

Editor, Guide:—I was very pleased to read Mr. Green's article on consolidation of the different farmers' companies in your issue of last week. I have been thinking along the same lines myself, and though it may not be possible with their present charters for the three farmers' grain companies to amalgamate it should be possible for them to have the same selling and export office, which would reduce expenses and give them an even better standing in the market. Another point which I would like to see taken up is that our Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co. should build a small warehouse at each elevator and handle flour and feed. I understand that this was taken up at the annual delegates' convention, but was not favored on account of the expense. I do not see that there need be much expense in connection with it. In the first place enough extra shares could be sold to pay for the building, then the flour and feed could be obtained by contracting with some of the small mills in the province, who would be only too pleased to grant them at least sixty days' credit, which would be ample time to dispose of the goods. Our Association here have purchased flour by the car lot, which cost \$2.50 per sack and was better than the best grade of our largest companies, which at the time were charging \$3.25. The disadvantage of that method of buying is that few people have room to store much flour and it would be much more convenient if there was a place where they could get a few bags when they required them.

W. B. MORTON

Elfros, Sask., Nov. 24.

## FOR CONSOLIDATION

Editor, Guide:—I have read with great interest Mr. Green's article on "Consolidation" in your issue of November 19. I am convinced that this article is of great importance to the farmers and deserves to be considered carefully by the Associa-

tions, not only in Saskatchewan, but in Manitoba and Alberta also. I believe it is of vital interest to every farmer in the three provinces that a pause is made and our institutions co-ordinated so that, as Mr. Green points out, "they will not destroy each other." I am not competent to point out the road and only wanted to point to Mr. Green's article and to emphasize, if possible, the danger of growth without co-ordination and the closest co-operation.

OLE O. KALDOR.

Loreburn, Sask., Nov. 25.

## BRIBING RAILWAYMEN

Editor, Guide:—In last evening's Free Press Bulletin and this morning's Mani-

toba Free Press there is a report about a C.P.R. conductor and two brakemen being fined by Justice of the Peace James Rodney, at Scott, Sask., for making farmers pay them to supply cars to ship grain.

No doubt you have seen this report yourself and intend publishing it in The Guide. Our object in writing to you in reference to it is to suggest that you take special notice of it in The Guide, so as to impress on farmers that the trainmen cannot with impunity blackmail them in the matter of getting cars. Of course we know that many a farmer, after the strenuous labor and frequently tantalizing delay in getting his grain threshed, is on thorns until he gets it shipped and can

get some money to pay pressing claims, and he is only too ready to tip the trainmen, if by doing so he can secure a car so badly needed; and from what we know, thousands of farmers take the thing as a matter of course, and think there is no help for it. Even some grain buyers and elevator people think it necessary at times to bribe the trainmen to secure cars for them. We cannot believe that all trainmen are grafters in this way, but we know the practice is very common and widely spread, and that everybody interested needs bracing up to put a stop to it. There can be no doubt that the management of the railways set their faces dead against it, but when shippers supinely submit to the criminal extortion of trainmen, under the mistaken idea that they are in a proper way helping their own interests in getting cars, it must be uphill work for railway managers to put a stop to the evil and unwholesome practice. Exposure of prosecutions by publishing the results, and earnest press comment thereon, will certainly help to restrain the evil, and brace up shippers, who so far submit quietly to be thus blackmailed. Letting the light in on evil ways causes would-be lawbreakers to take thought.

The provisions of "The Canada Grain Act" regarding the application for cars through the car order book, and the supplying of the cars to the applicants by the railways, are fair and reasonable, if properly observed and honestly carried out by all interested, and all farmers should study to understand them and help to have them lived up to, for after all the interest of the farmer in marketing his grain to the best advantage for himself is entitled to the first concern over all the other factors that come after him in the handling, moving or merchandizing of it, after it leaves the farmers' hands.

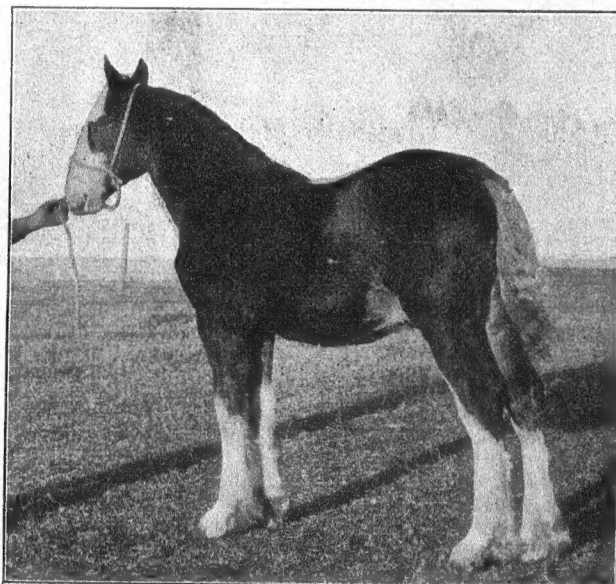
Yours faithfully,

THOMPSON, SONS & CO.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5.

Note.—Farmers will certainly be doing better work for themselves and their

Continued on Page 14



"THE BRUCE OF HILLOREST"

Winner of Clydesdale stallion foal class at Chicago International. Bred and owned by E. H. Taber, of Condie, Sask.



# Farming for Profit

A Department Devoted to the  
Practical Problems of Farmer and Stockman

## DRESSED CARCASE COMPETITION AT CALGARY FAT STOCK SHOW

The following awards were received too late to be included in last week's Calgary Fat Stock Show report. In the dressed carcass competition the awards were placed by Alex. Sangster, De Winton, and practically were the same as W. T. McDonald's placings on foot, with the exception of the government farm steers, which were a complete reversal as dressed carcasses.

Steer—Purebred or Grade—1st, W. E. Tees, Lacombe; 2nd and 3rd, S. M. Mace, Pekisko; 4th, A. S. McDonald, Cochrane.

Cow—Purebred or Grade—1st, Lew Hutchinson, Duhamel; 2nd and 4th, W. E. Tees; 3rd, Thos. Croxford, Airdrie.

Heifer—1st, W. E. Tees.

Sheep—1st and 3rd, H. W. Watkin, Olds; 2nd, W. J. Mortson, Fairlight, Sask.

Lambs—1st, 2nd and 3rd—H. W. Watkin.

Medium Thick Hogs—1st, Thos. Croxford; 2nd, W. E. Tees; 3rd, E. J. C. Boake, Acme.

Bacon Hogs—1st, 2nd and 3rd, W. E. Tees.

Government Exhibit—1st, Vermilion (Shorthorn); 2nd, Vermilion; 3rd, Olds (Hereford); 4th, Olds (Black).

### Milk Tests

Cow, 36 months or over—1st and 2nd, Laycock and McDonald, Calgary; 3rd and 4th, P. Pallesen, Calgary.

Heifer, under 36 months—1st and 2nd, Jos. H. Laycock, Okotoks; 3rd, Laycock and McDonald; 4th, Geo. H. Smith, Calgary.

## A SERVICEABLE HOG HOUSE

The cut on this page shows a hog house on the farm of A. D. McDonald and Son, Napinka, Man., the well-known breeders of Yorkshire swine and Shorthorn cattle.

This hog house is 20 ft. by 40 ft., and the front is built of ½-inch boards, with tar paper between, while the sides are single boards.

The roof is ash poles, on which the straw is blown from the separator, and the straw stack extends quite a distance to the rear and around the sides.

As can be seen from looking closely at the picture, the house is almost in the centre of a hog-run which is enclosed with woven wire, while the sides of the straw stack are also covered with the same wire, to prevent the animals burrowing from the outside and scattering the straw around.

The house is warm in winter and cool in summer, and when one looks inside he finds the stack burrowed in all directions, where the hogs find their quarters. The whole expense of this house was only a little over \$20. In summer the hogs are fed out in the corral, while in winter the troughs are brought up to the front of the house.

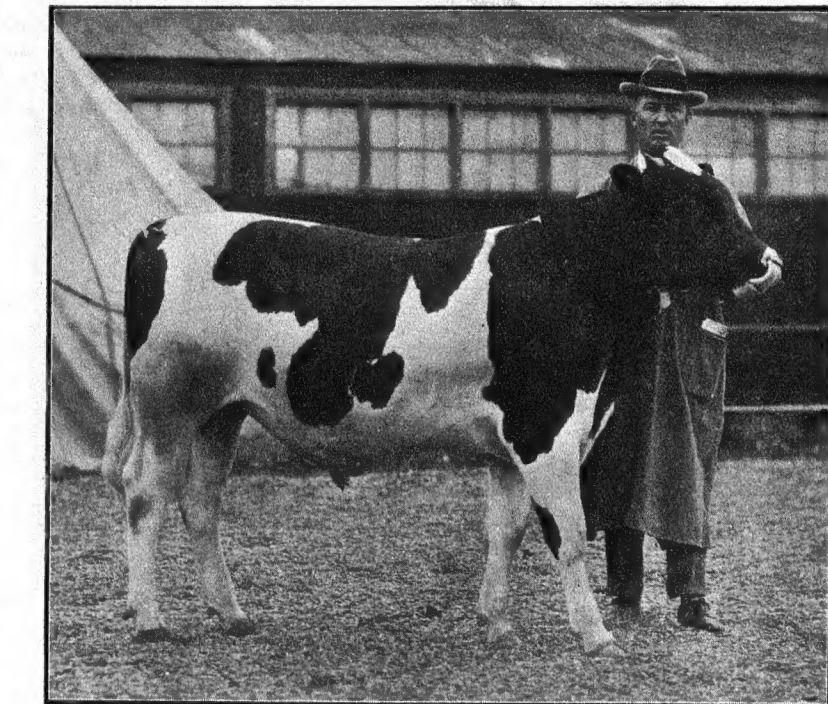
Messrs. McDonald, who are well-known breeders of this class of hogs, feed barley chop and oats mixed half and half, while the young stuff also get roots and mangels in fall and winter. They state that around the Napinka district farmers are going heavily into hog raising and find it very profitable.

## SHOEING HORSES IN WINTER

(By John Mason)

If farm horses are to be used on the road at all during the winter they must be shod, no matter what sort of a country supplies the roads. When travel must be over stone or other hard roads horses must be shod always. There are few competent blacksmiths in country towns. All of them are too much inclined to thin the sole and fit the hoof to the shoe instead of the shoe to the foot.

When taking a horse to be shod, insist that the smith use his knife only to trim off ragged portions of the frog. On no account permit him to slice off any of the sole or wall. Make him reduce the foot to the proper proportions and level



"PONTIAC MERCENA BONHEUR"

Holstein Bull Calf, 9 months old. 2nd at Winnipeg and 2nd at Dominion Fair, Regina, 1913. This Young Bull's stock is all the way through in the advanced registry Owned by W. J. Cummings, Glenlea Stock Farm, Winnipeg

it, using the rasp only. If the hoof is badly splintered and ragged it will save time to bite off the long projections with the nippers. Then level with the rasp.

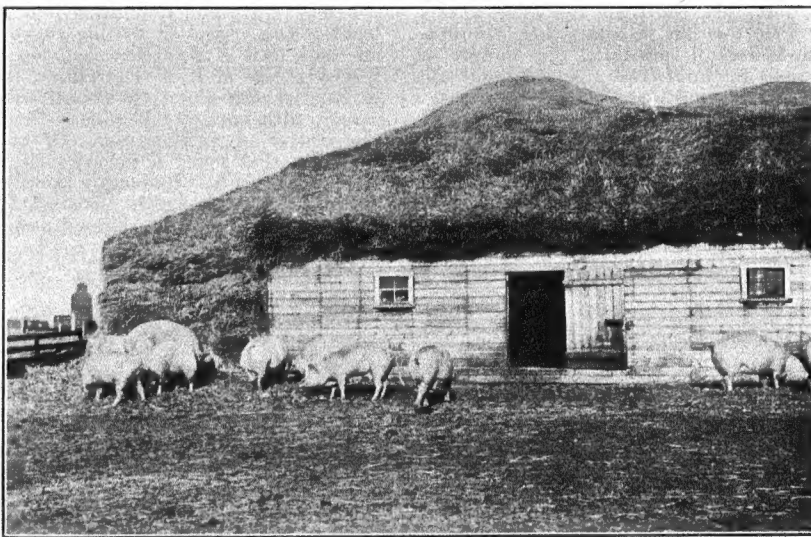
Never permit any thinning of the sole. If at some part the wall seems a little low, have it built up with a piece of leather so that the bearing is continuous on the web of the shoe all the way around. Never permit the whole foot to be rasped too small simply because one portion of the wall is deficient. Leave the frog alone, save as to trimming off ragged portions. Leave the bars alone, Nature put them there to keep the foot spread out and the heels apart. Prevent the smith from rasping the enamel off

outside the iron. Keep all the sole and frog that Nature will supply and the horses will travel all the better, stay sound longer and last better for it.

## GIVING MEDICINE TO STOCK

Medicines are conveyed into the body as drenches, balls, enemas, and injections under the skin or into the veins. There is nothing mysterious about any of them.

Giving Medicines in a Ball.—The practice of giving medicines in a ball is a very old one, and has much to recommend it. Many nauseous agents, as aloes, opium, arsenic, asafetida, are thus conveyed to the stomach without causing annoyance and disgust to the pa-



Hog House on the Farm of A. D. McDonald and Son, Napinka, Man.

the outside of the hoof. It is put there by Nature to prevent the evaporation of the moisture outward from the sensitive tissues within, and the ingress of water from without into the fibrous structure of the foot.

When the foot is rasped to the proper size and properly levelled, let the shoe be fitted neatly, coming flush with the outer side of the wall all around. It does not make much difference whether it is fitted hot or cold, but it must fit properly. Never let the smith nail on a shoe that is too small and then rasp off the portion of the wall that extends

tient. The balls are wrapped in paper, dough, or gelatin capsules, and may weigh an ounce or two. In giving a ball the following plan is usually followed: Hold the ball between the thumb and first two fingers. Now seize the tongue at about its middle and gently draw it out to the side of the mouth, in such a way that the right hand may be inserted into the mouth and the ball placed far back on the tongue, when the hand is withdrawn, the tongue replaced and the halter or strap wrapped around the jaws until the ball is swallowed.

Giving Medicines in a Drench.—The

drench is usually employed for liquid medicines. It is best to dilute the medicines with water, milk, or oil, that they may more readily reach the stomach and at the same time exercise no injury to the structures through which they pass.

In giving a drench exercise as much patience as possible. To horses it should be given slowly. If there is any disposition to cough, lower the head, and then proceed as before.

Poultices.—These are made of a variety of things, bread, bran, and linseed meal being the most common. Any substance that will hold water and retain heat will serve the purpose.

Mustard Plasters.—These are made with mustard and water, cold water being the most desirable. Mix to a thin paste. If the part to which the plaster is to be applied is covered with thick, long hair, a very thin plaster will more quickly soak into the skin. This kind of plaster is most commonly applied to the throat, the windpipe, the sides of the chest, the abdomen and over the region of the liver. To get the best effect for the last named, apply on the right side at a point four or five inches behind the back ribs.

Blistering.—The first step in blistering is the clipping of the hair over the diseased part, and the removal of dirt and scurf attached to the skin. The blister is to be worked into the skin, and usually ten minutes of rubbing will be necessary to produce the desired results.

In the course of twenty-four hours blisters will form, and some swelling in the region is likely to be manifest. On the third day bathe the part with warm water and soap. After drying, apply vaseline, lard, or sweet oil. The blister should be repeated if the results of the first blister do not bring about a cure.

Firing.—The hot iron is a very useful agent in treating many cases of chronic lameness and bone disease. In performing such an operation have the iron at a full red and white heat and touch the part gently with just sufficient pressure to make a distinct impression. But one leg should be fired at a time.

It is desirable to shave the hair closely to the skin before applying the iron. The day following the firing spread over the wound any common wound oil like neat's foot oil or vaseline. Daily applications are called for until the swelling subsides. Unless a period of rest is given after the operation, the best results will not be had. Many bone diseases return, or are never cured, because complete recovery never occurred in the first place. Work and exertion only aggravate the cases, often leaving them in a worse condition than before the firing. —Farmers' Veterinarian.

## WHERE AND HOW TO KEEP EGGS

The nests in which the hens lay should be clean. These usually need cleaning monthly. The best material we have for nests is shavings.

Eggs should be gathered twice each day and placed in clean baskets, pails, etc.

The room should be cool, not higher than 60 degrees if possible, and it should be dry. A cool, dry cellar will answer nicely.

The dirties, small, extra large, and found nests of eggs should not be sold. Use them at home. The large ones break in shipping and the smalls and dirties are not wanted on the market. These sell the good eggs at poor prices.

Where one is trying to supply private customers, or a select wholesale trade, it is wise to stamp the eggs with your own initials, or the name of your farm. This is some guarantee to the buyer.

The following are a few methods of preserving eggs which have been tested by Ontario Government Poultry department, and have proved fairly successful.

Method No. 1. A solution composed of one part water glass (sodium silicate) and five parts water that had been

Continued on Page 14



# Saskatchewan

This section of The Guide is conducted officially for the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association

## G.G.A. CONVENTION AT WADENA

Mayor Hearn's Welcome to Delegates—  
Messrs. Green, Maharg and Rooke  
Give Interesting Addresses

The district convention of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' association met at Wadena on November 26. Delegates were present from various parts of the district. Mr. Rooke, the district director, occupied the chair and explained that the district convention was yet in its experimental stage and that the system was adopted in order that the rural districts might be more easily reached by having these meetings at various points in the province. Mayor Hearn was present and gave a short address, welcoming the delegates to the town of Wadena. He spoke of the importance of the work before the convention and the bond existing between rural and town people. A common interest, he said, pervaded all and the success of the agriculturists would mean success to the inhabitants of the towns and cities. Wadena, he added, had worked hard on many things that would benefit the farming community as well as the town and would continue to pursue the same policy.

Councillor Vatnsdal also welcomed the delegates in a few well chosen words.

The chairman, Mr. Rooke, then gave a splendid address as follows:—The object of this convention is to endeavor to create a greater interest and more enthusiasm in the well-being of the agricultural class. We have in years past been having only one Central or provincial convention and this year we are having a convention in each of the fifteen divisions of the province. We realize that in order to have our association become as strong as it should be we must make a more determined effort to reach every portion of this province; and the better we are organized the more competent will we be to handle the many perplexing problems that will be ours to solve from time to time as conditions demand. The main industry of this province is agriculture and the prosperity of all useful industries and business of this province is hinged to the success of the farming class. We are too often inclined to cultivate that individualism which strives to uplift one individual at the expense of another. We should rather cultivate that spirit of co-operation that will assist our neighbors to rise to a higher plane of success in all its varied forms and more fully recognize that all citizens of this province are brethren, no matter what their vocation may be. We are, on account of our isolated position, too often suspicious one of the other. This failing of ours will gradually pass away. As we come more in contact with each other in the work of our local associations and as we do business with each other and for one another we will gradually take a broader view of all things.

We must exercise patience in the work of organization. The permanent success of merchants and all classes of business men in Saskatchewan depends entirely on the success of the farmers. Other classes might seem to prosper for a time, but that seeming prosperity cannot last if the class that follows the natural avocation of the province realize they are on the downward course. We owe it as a duty to ourselves and to those dependent upon us to strive in every way to make a success of our calling. There is, though, an individualism for which all men should strive, that is to refrain from extravagant expenditure in every shape and form, or in other words, we should not spend our money for that which is not bread and our labor for that which satisfieth not.

Now, gentlemen, we have some resolutions to consider and I trust that you will discuss them frankly and be courteous to all classes; knowing that to succeed, all classes having the well being of our province at heart must work in unity. Therefore, we have no room for the spirit of enmity and strife.

Before this convention closes I hope you gentlemen will put through a resolution favoring extending the franchise to women on equal terms with men, for this is not granting any favor to women, but simply allowing them their rights. We need the co-operation of the women

of the province and this is the only way to secure their hearty co-operation. I hope that this and other district conventions will arouse the enthusiasm of all present and that you gentlemen will go home so well pleased with the results of this convention, that when the convention is called for next year you will literally be tumbling over each other in order to get to Wadena and that there will be such a large gathering that it will tax the hotel accommodation to its utmost capacity.

Provincial Secretary Green then spoke of the pleasure of meeting farmers. He had been a farmer himself all his life, having extracted his living from the soil with his own hands. He complimented the chairman and mayor on their sound remarks and said that the agriculturists would appreciate the co-operation of the towns and cities. Speaking of the necessity of organization he said, a man studies his own interests first, then he broadens out to study the interests of his family, a band of men gather together and study the interests of a community. The circle extends and embraces others, who study the interests of the province, and still a larger group are organized to influence the destiny of an empire. Milling companies, railway companies and various trades had found it necessary to organize in order to concentrate their influence and advance their particular interests. The disorganized farmers had become easy victims to these organized bands. In 1901 the grain monopoly had driven the farmers so hard that they had to turn and fight. They met at Indian Head and organized the Grain Growers' association. The grain blockade was taken up, the loading platform, distribution of cars, an assistant warehouse commissioner was appointed and the local associations were asked to assist in enforcing the Grain Act. Since then many important questions had been successfully dealt with and others are yet in the balance. Among these great questions are: The initial elevators, interior storage elevators, parcel post, G. T. Pacific, Hudson Bay line, fireguarding railways, government telephones, sub-experimental farms, agricultural college, cheap money, hail insurance, direct legislation and woman suffrage. The Grain Growers' association had become a wonderful influence and care must be exercised that the influence be used rightly.

President Maharg being indisposed, spoke briefly. He wished to acknowledge the kind remarks of Mayor Hearn. Mr. Hearn had struck the keynote when he spoke of the co-operation between the town and country. He stated that he did not come to educate others, but to be educated. Numbers alone could not effect success. The Manufacturers' Association only numbered 2,500, but they were a tremendous power, simply because they pulled together as one man. He asked the people if they had sufficient confidence in themselves to undertake to look after grain shipping at their local points. He spoke of the good work accomplished by the co-operative elevator system.

The meeting closed with the national anthem and three hearty cheers for Wadena's mayor.

At a meeting the next morning the following resolutions were passed: Resolved: That in the opinion of this district convention the Dominion government should appoint a railway right-of-way commission, whose duties it shall be to settle all differences between private property owners and railways, re right-of-way, and that on this commission there shall be placed one practical farmer.

Resolved: That in the opinion of this convention the membership fee of \$1.00 should apply to December 31 in the year in which payment was made.

Resolved: That this convention approves of the action of the executive regarding sample markets.

Resolved: That in the opinion of this convention the executive should approach the Manufacturers' Association and endeavor to secure their consent to make all machine notes payable on December 1.

A long discussion took place on co-operative trading, the majority of the delegates favoring some system being adopted. Mr. Green read a lengthy

resolution adopted by Battleford Association, district 11, and outlining a plan of organizing a co-operative wholesale and retail company within the association. This plan was finally recommended without a dissenting voice. The meeting then closed.

This is to inform you that this local will hold the annual meeting on December 6 at 2.30. Enclosed find \$7.50 membership fees which I should have sent in before. Our meeting place is Nipawin school. We meet the first Saturday in every month at 2.30 p.m. This is our regular meeting day, but we expect to have a meeting every fortnight during the winter. In your last letter you asked the condition of our local. Well, this association is rather unsettled. We are all homesteaders in this local and some join one year and the next are away, so that our membership is not steady as a rule. We are not content with things in general, but are of the opinion that a local which is content is liable to go backward. Have we good homes? Well, you should see some of the shanties around here that men bring their wives to. They might do for a bachelor, but when a married man brings a wife and children into a shanty 12 ft. x 18 ft., the beds divided off by curtains, I should say it was not a comfortable home. There are a good many of such places here, but we cannot expect much more until the homesteaders begin to produce. The main draw back is the lack of cheap money. We are too far from town to raise grain profitably and very bad roads. In fact, if it was not for the snow hauling a load would be out of the question most years. Cheap money would help us out wonderfully by allowing us to go into hogs and cattle and use all the grain we grow for feed. There is a pretty strong feeling here in favor of co-operation. We should like to be able to buy all our clothing, groceries, implements, twine, etc., by co-operation and from co-operative factories. Also we should like to sell our grain to a co-operative grain company, to be shipped over a co-operative railroad into a co-operative terminal elevator, thence into a co-operative ship to the shores of old England and sold through the co-operative stores there. That is our opinion on co-operation. In fact, we are trying to get a co-operative store started here and are making inquiries, so if you have any information on the subject we should be glad of it. We think it would be a good scheme for the Central to get some kind of a purchasing agency going, but the main trouble would be the cash, as you know most implements and other stuff is bought on time and to overcome it we must first have cheap money in some shape or form. In regard to your questions. Well, we are in the backwoods yet, but are going to pull up as soon as possible. We have no new resolutions to offer, but would like to suggest that if the Saskatchewan government would spend a portion of the road grading money in ditching and draining roads in this north country, especially in new districts, the settlers would be able at least to use the road allowance, which is impossible on some graded roads where the road is built through a slough and no drainage done. Will you please enroll me as a life member, for which I enclose \$12. I was presented with this by the local at this point.

ALBERT S. TRAYLOR,  
Sec'y, Nipawin Assn.

The annual meeting of Burnham Association was held on Saturday, November 29. The secretary-treasurer's report showed a balance in hand of \$49 after all expenses are met for the year. We are looking forward to increased membership for next year. The paid up members numbered thirty-one, one less than last year. The meeting was the best and largest attended that we have held so far, so it augurs well for next season. Officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows: President, G. A. Stock; vice-president, Thos. Norris; secretary-treasurer, Percy Madden; directors, Ralph Bettney, T. K. Linklater, A. Ward, S. Scott, T. Middlemiss and C. Chapman. Kindly note change in secretaryship and address all correspondence to Percy Madden, Waldeck P.O. Wishing the association every success.

C. CHAPMAN,  
Retiring Sec'y Burnham Assn.

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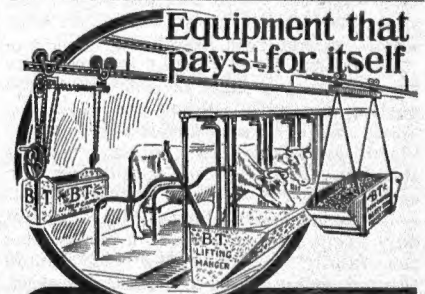
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WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS  
PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE



# The Country Homemakers

Conducted by Francis Marion Beynon.

## WOMEN DON'T WANT TO BE SUPPORTED, THANK YOU

It is not often, in this work-a-day world, that one gets more sympathy than is coming to one, and yet that is the unique condition in which your editor finds herself this week.

"Another Mere Man" feels that I am in rather a hard position and almost forced to take the woman's side re votes for women. While I thank the gentleman for his very kind sympathy I must confess that I am utterly undeserving of it. In supporting the woman's cause I am only expressing one of the deepest convictions of my own mind. If it were not so I would find another position, for I am afraid I have not much patience with those people who cut their opinions to suit their occupations.

All my life I have been a woman's woman. I do not hold with Wolf Willow and a great many other women that the Lord made the world for men and then made women to help the men. I believe that the world was made for men and women and they in turn were made to help each other.

So, instead of feeling that my position is a difficult one, it is the joy of my life to edit this department where one is allowed to advocate anything that promises to make the life of our sex easier and better.

It is all very well for someone like "Another Mere Man" to sit back smugly and say that there are very few men who will try to beat their wives out of a fair share of the property—"unless there is a good reason." But that is just the point. The man is allowed to decide what constitutes a good reason.

Undoubtedly there are thousands of families where there is never any dispute over property rights or the guardianship of the children, but laws have never been made for well-behaved citizens. I claim that where any trouble arises between a man and his wife it is only fair that they should start equal instead of the wife having a two-mile handicap, as she has today.

Again "Another Mere Man" shows that he has failed utterly to get our point of view when he says that husbands are compelled by law to support their wives and what more do we want. The attitude of mind expressed in that sentence is one of the things that is driving women to the point of utter exasperation today. He can't see that the progressive, independent woman doesn't want anybody to support her—that all the woman who isn't either mentally or physically lazy wants is a chance to support herself.

What is still more trying is that he and many thousands of people like him cannot see that you women in the country who work early and late are supporting yourselves right now often without wages, except your board and clothes.

I consider it downright impertinence for a man on a farm to talk about supporting his wife. When she cooks his meals and sews and mends for him and his children from dawn till dark what is she doing if she is not supporting herself?

In most country homes the wife not only keeps herself but often contributes the family groceries the year round through raising fowl and making butter. And then her husband talks in a lordly way about supporting her—if he is of the same mind as "Another Mere Man."

Fortunately, there are thousands of four-square men in this country who value their wives and their work at their real worth and who are glad to have them as partners and comrades in the highest sense of the word. We must not forget this fact when our blood boils up at the attitude of the unfair ones.

FRANCIS MARION BEYNON.

## WHY NEGLECT THE HOME TO USE THE INDIRECT INFLUENCE?

When reading the letter of Wolf Willow in a late issue of The Guide, I felt there were some things I, too, wished to say. She quotes the Bible, and I will, too, presently. The advice given by

Paul to the Ephesian women, viz.: "Wives submit yourselves to your own husbands, etc.," was no doubt just and fitting in its time, and ought to be for all women of all times, but I believe it can be taken too literally. I even believe there are times when it would be a sin for the wife to submit to her own husband though "he shall rule over thee." Men of all times (I do not say all men) have approved of this advice, entirely shutting their eyes to the verses that follow in the same chapter, and have largely construed might as right. Is it at all necessary for a woman to once more bring up this much-quoted text from the Bible, that is practised in nearly every household? Undoubtedly Wolf Willow has a husband worthy of her deepest respect, and to whom she is proud to submit, or she could not feel as she does. All women are perhaps not so fortunate.

Present conditions are such that we must, besides submitting to our own husbands, also submit to all the other

munity. We may spend many hours a week working and praying for its removal, urging, imploring, using every means possible, engaging temperance lecturers, etc., etc., and still be very doubtful of the outcome. Why all this work, this waste of time? Why not go about our daily tasks keeping the house and children clean, the meals well cooked and on time, enjoying each night's rest without a nervous strain that is felt by the whole family, and, when voting day comes, go and cast our vote against the devil's institution, confident it cannot prevail? We are many enough to gain a grand victory for a blessed cause—but we are not given the right. We must submit to the bar-keeper's wife's husband, to every drinker's wife's husband (they themselves—those wives—would not submit to their husband's wishes in this respect had they any say.

A correspondent to The Free Press quotes certain laws now in existence. We are informed that "indecent assault on a female" is punished by two years im-

even as Christ also loved the church and gave himself for it," and, in the 28th verse, "So ought men to love their wives as their own bodies. He that loveth his wife loveth himself, etc." If the husbands in politics lived up to the teachings of the Bible, as they wish their wives to do, and thought of the effect of some of the laws, directly or indirectly, upon their wives, some laws would not be existing as they are today. Would the husband then sell property regardless of his wife's wishes, and dispose of the money without benefiting her and the children? Would he think his wife had no right to the children, the bearing of which, in some cases, nearly costs her her life? Would man's selfish interests be considered first and foremost?

"We must not try to reform the world at one swoop, by a mere slip of paper," (it is admitted reform is needed) "but, patiently, child by child, as they come, as the world is only a collection of individuals." That is just what I, as one mother, am trying to do with my little children. It will not be long before I go down into "the valley of the shadow" for the fifth time to bring one of those little ones into this home, and into the world. How precious it is to me—how earnestly do I strive to lead and guide them aright, but I do not feel nearly as patient as Wolf Willow would have me—nor am I as wise as I ought to be for this great work. Though, by my teachings, I try to safeguard them, to encourage in them a desire for what is right and noble, I cannot explain away the pitfalls and temptations that will lurk in their path to harm them, though I hope before God they will become strong enough to overcome. I would like to at once go to work and do more than I am able now to remove some of the evils and benefit, not only my boys and girls, but others also. If suffrage can help woman accomplish useful work, which otherwise would cost her infinite labor and time, why should it be denied her?

I was really amused when reading in The Guide for Nov. 26, under "The Mail Bag," a letter by F. Howell. He says among other things, "Let woman keep within a sphere where she is respected, admired, and loved, and she will be sane, safe and happy; let her depart from it and she becomes a flaming scourge, a tormented and tormenting creature." Rather eloquent, isn't it! What a terrible fate awaits us when we leave this sphere we now inhabit, where we are so much respected, admired, loved! What a pitiful state is that of the women in the places where woman's suffrage exists!

Again, he tells us that women, given the ballot, would produce in politics far greater troubles than now exist. Why cannot Mr. Howell give us information from the ten states of the United States wherein woman suffrage has been granted to prove his statement? Another thing—he claims man's reasoning power to be greater than that of woman—so leave the work to them. Too bad the men have not used their reasoning powers better than they have. But he does admit she has "the individual right to vote as well as to ride a-straddle, chew tobacco, swear, or do anything else that is unbecoming." Maybe to him a woman's riding a-straddle is very unbecoming, but if she shall ride, it is by far a healthier position than the one used in former times, and that ought to count for more than looks.

Why is it degrading for a woman to vote? Because it is considered man's work? Do the same men who think so think it degrading for a woman on the farm to do the chores, to help the man, even to cleaning out the barn, when that is deemed necessary? I know of women who have had to do it. No, then they think that quite proper and not at all beneath her. Funny, how they reason, but then I do not understand, for my judgment is "inferior." During an election, of course, there is danger of seeing and coming rather near, perhaps, to a crowd of voters emerging from a

## A SLEEPY SONG

By Irene Elliott Benson

Down in the Valley of Drowsyland,  
Guarded by Walls of Sleep,  
Walks there a Shepherd with staff in hand,  
Guiding his flock of sheep  
Out from the shade of the Dreamland tree  
Comes one, then two,  
Then two and three,  
And after the two come three and four,  
Who follow him on to the sheepfold door.

The Shepherd sings and his voice is low,  
But flocks are hard to drive.  
After one comes two, then three and four,  
And following four are five,  
Then five and six,  
And seven and eight  
Pass sleepily in through the sheepfold gate,  
And close by the eight comes nine and ten,  
But the Shepherd goes back to call again.

Down in the Valley of Drowsyland,  
Guarded by Walls of Sleep,  
From under the Dreamland tree there  
come  
Eleven and twelve white sheep.  
First one, then two,  
Then three and four,  
And after the five and six come more.

But the thirteenth sheep is sleepy and late,  
So the Shepherd carries him through the  
gate.

women's husbands and their joint wills for good or bad. Wolf Willow, look at the cartoon in The Guide for Nov. 12, page 10. Have you seen that type of man? There are many like them, you must admit, and you will agree that it would be horrible to have to submit to the wills of such men. I know there are many good men directing the course of the law, but these, too, have a voice and a power.

Wolf Willow says "I think there is no limit to the extent to which women should concern themselves with public questions." Does she really mean that? Then why this opposition to suffrage? Why deprive herself of so effective a means by which she might concern herself with public questions? How about the limit?

Yes, we women should concern ourselves with public questions. We, in this little town are very much interested at present in getting the bar out of our midst, and so removing that temptation and pitfall from the youth of our com-

munity. We may spend many hours a week working and praying for its removal, urging, imploring, using every means possible, engaging temperance lecturers, etc., etc., and still be very doubtful of the outcome. Why all this work, this waste of time? Why not go about our daily tasks keeping the house and children clean, the meals well cooked and on time, enjoying each night's rest without a nervous strain that is felt by the whole family, and, when voting day comes, go and cast our vote against the devil's institution, confident it cannot prevail? We are many enough to gain a grand victory for a blessed cause—but we are not given the right. We must submit to the bar-keeper's wife's husband, to every drinker's wife's husband (they themselves—those wives—would not submit to their husband's wishes in this respect had they any say.

Yes, "man was made in the image of God," but, oh, how terribly so many of them have defaced that image! I, for one, am greatly averse to leaving everything to their guidance. Do we have need of our ideals? I should say so, and we need to carry them into politics also.

Going back to the scripture before alluded to, viz.: Eph. V., you may read, in verse 25: "Husbands love your wives



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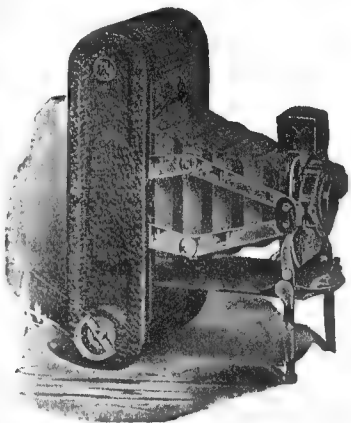
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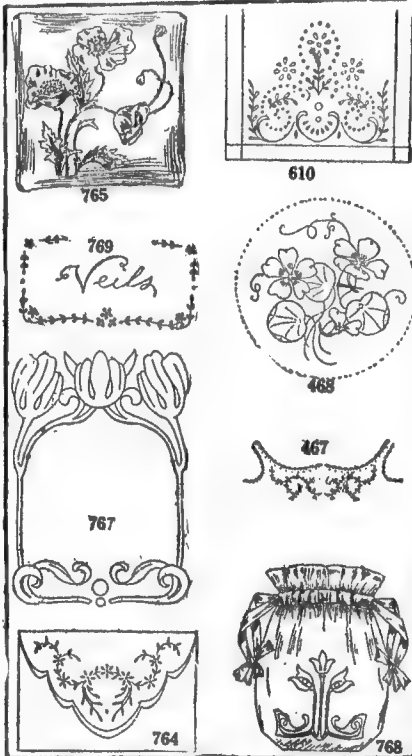
saloon in a rather questionable condition as at the recent Kildonan by-election. By not voting are the women spared such sights? Believe me, there were many women that night who not only saw these men in their low degradation, but must wait on them personally. Do you think any of those women would have refused a means by which she might strike a blow at the institution that degraded the father of her children and lowered the standard of their home? She could, perhaps, understand enough to pass judgment on the saloon, but in other matters the rum-crazed brain of her husband would still be superior!

Think you not man has any need of woman's help but personally, in the home? In I. Corinthians ii., 9, 19, it says, "Neither was the man created for the woman, but the woman for the man. For this cause ought the woman to have power on her head because of the angels."

Let us hope we may speedily be in a position to receive more power, and study to use it to the very best possible good of humanity.

DAFFODIL.

NOTE—Ten days to two weeks must be allowed for the forwarding of patterns.



The Prices Quoted are for Stamped Goods and Material for Working, but transfer Patterns of any Design will be Furnished Separately for 10 cents each

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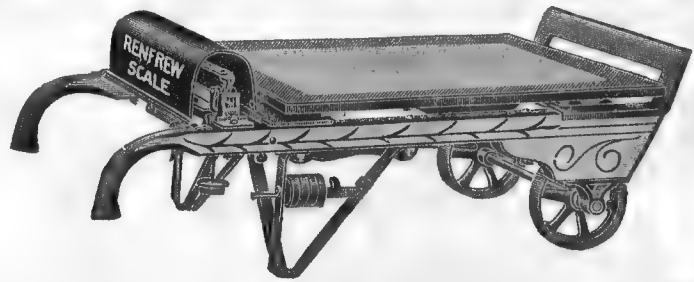
Address all orders to Embroidery Department of this paper.

Note.—Everyone sending for patterns is requested to send the number of pattern and the size. This is absolutely necessary to insure satisfactory service.

## WOMAN ELECTED AT CALGARY

One of the interesting results of the recent municipal election is the sweeping victory of Miss Anna G. Foote, woman's candidate for school trustee, in the city of Calgary, who defeated Col. James Walker, chairman of the school board, by a majority of 1,000.

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Only a few days remain in which to choose your Christmas gifts. Orders for Christmas delivery are already piling in on us, and if you are not to be disappointed you will have to speak at once. Here are some of the cash prices of the most popular talking machines in farm homes today, and all are backed by the guarantee that goes with every Columbia machine



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We will send the 2 in 1 Automatic Awl, complete, with three extra, hollow grooved needles, including the patent needle for soling shoes, a large reel of waxed thread, and a reel of special process copper wire. We will send the whole outfit complete, by mail, to any address, for One Dollar. Send now. The price will go up soon.

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82

# Sunshine

The Grain Growers' Sunshine Guild

## HOW MANY WOMEN GRAIN GROWERS' ASSOCIATIONS ARE THERE?

Though I have not heard from Mr. Green yet relative to any plans for the women's convention in Moose Jaw this winter, I think it is time that the executive committee began to consider the question of a program. If I remember rightly, it was decided at the Congress in Saskatoon that at least some of the topics should be suggested by this committee.

So if any of you have thought of any subject that you would particularly like to have discussed, will you write to me at once and let me know.

Also, I think we had better begin to gather up the tag ends of the year's work and find out exactly how many Women Grain Growers' associations have been organized and what they have been doing with themselves during the past year.

And while we are on the subject of organizations, I have two pieces of good news for you. The first is that I have a letter from Mr. Green saying that he has sent in 91 petition forms to Premier Scott, with the signatures of over 3,000 people who want woman suffrage. As Mr. Green says, in view of the fact that there is no suffrage organization in the province, this is quite an achievement for the farm women.

The next is that I have a letter from Secretary Woodbridge, of the United Farmers of Alberta, saying that he has been authorized to get out petition forms for the women of that province. I believe it was Mr. Woodbridge's happy idea to have them on hand at the convention in Lethbridge for the women to take home with them.

I tell you it makes me proud that in this farmers' organization in which we are working, every time the men take a step forward, they reach out a hand to help the women along. To be sure that is only true Democracy, but there are many so-called Democrats who are satisfied to even things up to themselves and then quit. I am glad that the farmers are not in that class.

Please don't send any parcels of clothing to The Guide office. I would much rather you would write to me for the address of someone in need and save double express.

FRANCIS MARION BEYNON.

## HOW TO MAKE MONEY

Dear Miss Beynon:—I am a girl fifteen years old, will be sixteen early in the spring. There are eight of us girls. One of my sisters is a dressmaker and another a school teacher, and as for the other six of us, we are at home, father feeding us and trying to give three of us a good education. I am going to a nine-months school, but cannot get on very well when we have a strange teacher every nine months.

Do you know of any way in which I could be making money after school hours.

I want to help father in putting me through business college.

If there is any way, such as copying, needlework or something of that sort, I would be glad to hear of it.

When you hear of it, will you please let me know through the Christmas number of the Grain Growers' Guide. I do not want to let mother know of this, as she would worry about it if she knew I was anxious about it.

She is fifty years old and not very strong, so we try to help her out as much as we can.

Hoping to hear from you through the Christmas number and wishing you success in your good work, I will sign myself

BUSINESS GIRL.

## A WORD OF THANKS FROM DOROTHY

Dear Miss Beynon:—I received so many answers to my recent letter to The Guide that, to avoid any further delay, I will reply to each and all in a letter to the Sunshine Guild. I wish, first of all, to express my thanks to the young lady teacher in Saskatchewan who sent the substantial gift of \$10 to the needy family. My husband suggested putting the money on the Christmas tree (to be given in the school-house),

but I think it would be much more appreciated by the mother were it given her now so she can make the little ones presentable for the exercises on that much talked of night, when "Santa Claus comes." I bought one of the children a pretty little dress to wear that evening.

In reply to the lady at Hanley, Sask., I wish to thank her for the clothing she intends sending—that of her grandmother, who has passed away, where the beautiful gates stand ever ajar. God bless her for her thoughtfulness of others in need. In reply to my friend of Yellow Grass, Sask., I wish to say that anything in the way of clothing will be needed and appreciated. The mother of this family is careful and quite handy in making over garments. She has a sewing machine. I intend giving her my baby-buggy, as our little one will soon be needing a go-cart.

This lady asked me if the oldest girl has ever worked out. It will surprise her, as, indeed, it did all of us, to learn that she was married only a week ago. Poor girl! she always had so much outdoor work to do and so poorly dressed that I really feel glad to know she has someone to care for her.

I received a letter from her only last evening. She is well and happy.

To my correspondent in Delisle, Sask., I feel sure that the articles mentioned in her letter would all come in handy where there are so many to clothe; and will you, my friend, allow me to express my sincerest sympathy for you, who, though an invalid, can still think of others. How glad I would be to learn of your complete recovery. I only regret that I cannot drop in, if only for a few moments to cheer your lonely hours.

To the lady at Forest Hall P.O., Battleford, Sask., let me add that the underwear she mentioned having would, I know, be so much appreciated, as the bitter Canadian winter will soon be upon us and God pity those that are not dressed for it.

A lady on Bagshot farm, box 297, Deloraine, Man., writes me that she has some clothing of her little boy's, three and a half years old. It is needless to say how helpful it will be to this poor mother. In regard to the felt boots, it recalls to my mind what the oldest girl asked me once. She wished to know what I did with my old shoes. Suffice it to say I gave her a pair of mine, and they were not old, either. The coat, too, could be worn by the fifteen year-old girl. She has only a sweater. I gave the girl of this family (who is now married) a cloak which I had worn when teaching near the mines, five years ago and she was so thankful for it.

Dear friend at Deepdale, Man. I read in your letter, between the lines, such a world of love and sympathy that I wish also to express my gratitude to you for your proffered aid to this family I mentioned. I wish to thank Miss Beynon and you also for the name given me. I only wish I had more means to aid the distressed. My husband often says that were I to inherit a fortune, I would soon be penniless. We have in our valley thirty-four children. I sent to Simpson's and bought each one a present, for fear some might think old "Santy" had forgotten them.

And now I have come to the saddest part of my letter. I must say Good-bye. I have so much enjoyed our visit together. The old sand-man has long ago found little Wesley and thrown sand in baby's eyes. Hoping I have not intruded on your time and thanking you in advance, I will close. Wishing Miss Beynon and, indeed, all of you a Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year. I will close by giving you my address.

DOROTHY.

Mrs. Henry Mathews,  
Beaver Mines P.O., Alta.  
Nearest Express Office, Pincher Station,  
Alta.

## WHERE PADDING IS NEEDED

Willie was being measured for his first made-to-order suit of clothes.

"Do you want the shoulders padded, my little man?" inquired the tailor.

"Naw," said Willie significantly, "pad de pants."



# Young Canada Club

By DIXIE PATTON

## PRIZES AWARDED

The story books have been sent out to the prize winners in our last story contest and I hope they will like them as much as I did when I read them for the first time.

To Marjory Auld, Rosetown, Sask., I am sending "Seven Little Australians," by Ethel Turner, and if she is not as much in love as I am with the seven mischievous little scamps, I shall be surprised.

Anna Twardochleb, Lemberg, Sask., will receive Kate Douglass Wiggin's beautiful story, "The Birds' Christmas Carol." It is one of the sweetest Christmas stories that ever I read and I believe it is one of the finest ever written. I am sure Anna will find it a good story to read any day in the year.

Talje Dykema, who still loves fairy stories, should like "Adventures of a Brownie," by Miss Mulock. It is great fun to follow this naughty little Brownie about and see all the trouble he makes for folks who are cranky or mean.

I hope the girls will all enjoy their stories and be inspired by them to do even better work next time.

But I hope also that many more young folk, reading about the success of these girls, will send in stories next time we have a contest.

DIXIE PATTON.

## THE HUNGRY HOBGOBLINS

A long, long time ago there lived a pretty little girl and her father. Her mother had been dead a long time.

Her father was very kind to her and she was very happy. They lived in a tiny little house and this is how it was made: There were some little thin trees grown in a circle, then the tops were drawn together and tied firmly. There were pretty climbing vines growing all over the sides of it, while the roof was thatched with dry grass, and they had a pretty little garden in which they grew vegetables and all kinds of flowers. There was a thick hedge all around. It was a queer little place.

And this is how they came to live in it: A long time ago her father was banished from the city where he lived by the king, who was very cruel and unjust. Her father and mother had not been married very long when she was born and just as she was born her mother died, and in that city the king made it a rule that when any one died their relations had to pay him a lot of money, but if they couldn't he would give them ten months and if they could not do it by then they had to go right away and live the life of a hermit. Her father was very poor and could barely earn enough to keep them during the ten months, so they had to go away. They walked into a huge forest. Her father had managed to smuggle away a gun and some shot. Then he started to look for something to shoot. He soon found some wild chickens of which he shot two or three and lit a fire and roasted them; but what could he give the baby, who was not one year old? Just then he heard a little noise and on going to see what it was he found it was a lovely big cow with a dear little calf by her side. "What luck," he cried. "Now I can give the baby some milk." But here he met with another difficulty. What was he to put the milk in for the baby? With his knife he carved a little wooden cup. This he filled with milk and the baby drank it eagerly; then he had his own supper and he lay down and soon fell asleep.

The night passed without adventure. The next morning just as he was milking the cow he looked at the calf, it seemed to be rather queer, and all of a sudden it changed its form and became a wonderful little fairy. "You have set me free," she cried. "What can I do to reward you?" For a few minutes he stood staring in astonishment, then he said, "Alas, are there a good many things I want but who are you that can give such things?" "I am a fairy," she replied, "and I will give you whatever you want on one condition. That condition is that you will give me yourself and your child at the end of seven years." The man promised. Then the fairy led them to the ring of trees. "Here," she said, "you must live till even years are at an end.

I will come every year and supply you with all that you need." Then she vanished.

Then he built the little house and planted the little garden, and so the seven years went by. They were very happy. The little fairy, however, had only pretended to be so kind. In reality she was a wicked hobgoblin and lived with a lot of others in an underground palace and meant at the end of seven years to kill the little girl and her father and eat them.

I guess you think the man rather silly to promise such a thing, but the fairy bewitched him so he could not help it. But, however, the seven years came to an end. The hobgoblin went to fetch the girl and father, still in the shape of a fairy, and led them away to the underground palace; then took her proper shape and all the other goblins came to meet them. Oh, how ugly they looked! The little girl and her father were quite frightened. "What will they do to us I wonder?" the girl cried. Then the goblins took away her father and put him in a dark room. Then they came back to the little girl. "What will you do to me?" she said. "Eat you," they cried. "Eat you." Then they took her away to the kitchen to the cook. "Feed her up," they said. "Feed her up, and when she is fat we will eat her." "All right," said the cook, and he took the girl and put her in another room with a lot of others.

"Hello!" they said. "Who are you?" "I am a little girl. I was brought here by the fairy." "So were we," they said; "and now they are going to make us fat and eat us." Just then the cook came in with the dinner. There was meat and bread. "This is all you can have," he said. The other children began to eat their dinner, so did the little girl. "This meat tastes very nice," she said. "Does it?" said the others. "What kind of meat do you eat?" "I do not know," she said. "Do you?" "No," they said.

When they had finished their dinner one of the goblins came in. "Come on out," he said. "This is your last day." They all went out after him. He led them out into another room. All the other goblins were there and the little girl's father. One of the goblins got up and said, "We are going to have a feast today—"

"No you aren't," shouted some one. They all looked round and there was the wicked king and all his soldiers. They came rushing in and before the goblins could stop them they had killed every one of them, and the children shouted for joy. The girl's father came forward. He said to the king, "I am the man you turned out of the city eight years ago." "I am very sorry," said the king. "You may come back now and live at my palace and all these children, too, but now come out of this place." So they went away and the king was no longer cruel, but was very kind. All the other children had been stolen from that very same city and they were all returned to their parents and so everything ended happily and the little girl grew up and married the king's son and they lived a long time and had many children.

MIRIAM MORRIS,  
Age 10.

## PUT YOUR OWN SHOULDER TO THE WHEEL

Once upon a time a wagoner was driving a loaded cart along a country road.

He was a careless, lazy fellow. He let the poor horse struggle on over the rough road as best it could.

At last one of the wheels got into a deep hole, out of which the horse could not draw it. Instead of trying to help the horse, the wagoner sank down on his knees and begged help from Hercules, who had great strength.

Hercules appeared and asked him what he wished. The wagoner told him that the wheel of his cart was fast in a hole and that he wanted him to lift it out.

"Put your own shoulder to the wheel," said Hercules. "I never help those who can help themselves." And when the lazy fellow was doing so, he saw that it was easy.

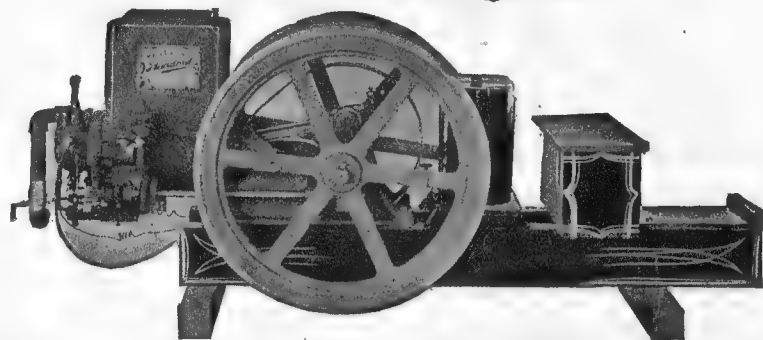
DAVID SUDERMAN.

Age 14.

## Farming for Profit

The average farmer does not realize how much he pays out during the year for having his grain ground; the time he wastes in taking it to the chopper; sawing his wood by hand or having it sawed; hiring labor to turn the grindstone, fanning mill, feed chopper and pumping water. Your wife will have a "Smile that won't rub off" if you will buy for her a Gasoline Engine to do the washing and turn the wringer. All of this can be accomplished with

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## The Mail Bag

Continued from Page 7

fellow farmers by standing by the provisions of the Grain Act and helping to prosecute dishonest train hands, than they will by taking a part in the work of bribery and corruption in the payment of bribes.—Ed.

### GRAIN COMPANY AND CO-OPERATION

An open letter to The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Ltd.

Gentlemen:—I am a firm admirer of your company and have in the past shipped my grain to you and will continue to do so; furthermore, I have decided to join you and become a shareholder at the first opportunity, so I feel at liberty to expose my personal view of what I should like your company to be. I think that your first aim should be to secure legislation which would enable you to become a real co-operative organization. I feel that as long as you are an ordinary stock company you are only performing part of your duty to the farming community. So I would like to see you use your great influence in the Dominion to secure such legislation. In the meantime I think that a general spirit of real co-operation should be developed amongst the shareholders. They must not forget that at present they are receiving dividends (and high ones too) out of profits made from their fellow farmers. Suppose that Farmer Green owns forty shares in your company and Farmer Brown only one. Suppose also that Brown ships all his grain to you, while Green feeds all his, Green will, nevertheless, receive forty times as much as Brown, and yet he has not contributed one cent to the profits made out of Brown's shipment. I do not think this should be. To my notion a company like yours should not aim to be an investment with dividends like any other company, but to be an instrument to better the whole association of farmers. You certainly do it in a certain measure, and all that we have gained has been through you, but it seems to me that more could be done yet.

So I would propose that the shareholders receive only a fair interest for the use of their money and that out of the surplus, after ample reserves have been created, a special fund be started for the organization of real co-operative associations in the three provinces. I would like The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Ltd. out of this fund to facilitate the opening of co-operative stores, and I think this could be done in this way: The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Ltd. would take \$1,000 worth of stock in any store whose shareholders would subscribe at least an equal amount; \$2,000 should be sufficient to start any small store. In return each such store would take a share in your company and beside pledge itself to give your company a certain percentage of its profits, this to enable you to handle wholesale the commodities it will need to carry on its business. It seems evident to me that in a very short time the various stores so bound with you would constitute the strongest and most democratic organization one can dream of.

You have started, and very wisely, to sell flour, coal and apples and you hope to sell lumber in the near future. This is very well, but not without drawbacks. In the first place, you dispose the people to believe that they can have these advantages without permanent organization. In the second place, it favors the man with means more than it does the poor. It is very seldom that every member of an association is in need of the same commodity at the same time. So it is only through the medium of a permanent organization such as a store, with a capital of its own, that rich and poor can be equally benefitted, and my motto is to make all kinds of efforts to start these stores. There should be one store for each group of three or four farmers' local unions.

I hope, gentlemen, you will not be offended by my remarks. I am not a kicker, but a strong believer in real co-operation, where rich and poor are on an equal footing, and would like The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Ltd. to be in Canada what similar organizations are in Europe, and the whole history of co-operation shows, with the strongest evidence, that only where the starting point was the primary cell, the success has been obtained.

J. GEORGES-FIGAROL,  
Gough Lake Union, U.F.A.

## The Chicago International

Continued from Page 7

the case some years ago. The Belgian breed perhaps showed more improvement than any and, to quote Alex Galbraith, the reason for that is that Belgian breeders in the United States are importing better animals and thus are able to raise better American bred stuff.

### The Clydesdales

Western interests centered largely around the Clydesdale ring where this Scotch breed was judged on Wednesday. In aged stallions Fyvie Baron, recently purchased by Conyngham Bros., of Wilkesbarre, Penn., was first, with Prince Robert, owned by Hugh McLean, of Arcola, Sask., second. Bright Smile, owned by Graham, of Ontario, third, and Golden Knight, another Conyngham entry, fourth. The first horse, Fyvie Baron, is an impressive draughty looking sire, but did not look nearly as well in the ring as he appears on closer inspection. Prince Robert, the Saskatchewan entry, was suffering from a severe attack of shipping fever and should really not have been shown at all. Bright Smile is a good animal, with nice clean bones, whilst Golden Knight is a perfect model of a draught horse, requiring a little more height and weight to make him invincible, for his action was nothing short of sensational.

In three-year-old stallions, Grahams were first with Lord Ullin, a big growthy fellow with lots of outcome. In two-year-old stallions, Glencaple, owned by Conyngham Bros., was first, with Fyvie Emperor, owned by Robert Sinton, of Regina, second, and Gallant Buchlyvie, owned by W. H. Bryce, Arcola, Sask., third. Another Sinton horse, Glendale Squire, was sixth. In this class the placing was very close; the Sinton animal, whilst lacking the scale of the winner, is a shorter coupled, thicker horse, with superior action and length of pastern; whilst the Conyngham colt shows a beautiful quality of bone and is a big growthy fellow. The third placed colt is a heavier, draughtier type than either of the two foregoing and will yet be heard of in Western show rings. Mr. Sinton's sixth placed horse was shown in thin condition, but is one of the kind that will improve rapidly within the next two years and one that will have to be reckoned with.

### Young Horse Show Class

In the yearling stallions the placing was as follows: First, Regal Sensation, Robert Leckie, Arcola, Sask.; second, Lord Malcolm, Graham Bros., Claremont, Ont.; third, fourth, fifth and sixth went to American studs; seventh, Hillcrest Favorite, Alex Mutch, Lumsden, Sask.; eighth, Dunrobin Hiawatha, W. C. Sutherland, Saskatoon, Sask. The first prize colt in this class, whilst possibly a little dull and sleepy looking, possessed beautiful quality, combined with correct conformation throughout, whilst his timbre and action were beyond reproach.

In the futurity class Leckie was again a winner, whilst the Graham colt dropped out, leaving the other exhibitors a place higher throughout. Regal Sensation is by Royal Salute, out of a mare by Hiawatha, and was bred by Mr. Leckie, Sr., so that the honor of both breeding and raising stays in the family.

In stallion foals, R. H. Taber, of Condie, was first, with The Bruce of Hillcrest, a gay youngster, who showed himself and who is probably one of the best colt foals the West has seen. Sired by The Bruce, out of a Baron's Gem dam, he combines both breeding and individual excellence, and if nothing happens, should be a rival to his already famous sire. The line up of females was exceptionally strong, Harviestoun Baroness, owned by the Fairholme Farms, New Market, N.J., and a former Highland champion, carried off the honors in the brood mare class over Peggy Pride, owned by the Colony Stock Farm, Coquitlam, B.C. The winning mare is a beautiful quality individual and was showing great bloom, whilst the Canadian mare is of a draughtier, thicker type, with a breedier appearance which catches the eye.

In the yeld mare class, the former Cawdor Cup winner, Nerissa, which placed another win to the credit of the Colony farm, won over Pride of Drumlanrig, owned by Conyngham Bros. The former is a sweet quality mare, whilst the latter is a large draughty animal of the true brood mare type.

In the three-year-olds, the Colony Stock Farm was again successful with Colony Lady Begg, another old country winner, and a beautiful filly; whilst in two-year-olds, Conyngham Bros. were first with Rosie Pride, W. H. Bryce, of Arcola, second, with Doune Lodge Floradora, and the University of Saskatchewan third with Craigie's Meral of Westholme. This was an exceptionally strong class and the placing of the first six or eight animals might have been altered without detracting at all from the reputation the judges had built up for themselves. Countess of Moray, a leading winner at the Western shows, went down to seventh place, whilst she has formerly had the better of the argument with her stable mate, who stood second. The strength of this class may be estimated by the fact that a filly shown by Messrs. Conyngham Bros., which took fourth place, was formerly undefeated and had been champion at several of the large State fairs.

In the yearling filly class, the University of Saskatchewan was second with Lady Bruce, of Lumsden, sired by The Bruce, whilst Hillcrest Princess Pat, owned by R. H. Taber, and also sired by The Bruce, was fifth.

In filly foals, Rosie B, owned by Jos. Hagerty, of Belle Plaine, Sask., stood second to a foal shown by the Osceola Farms. The Hagerty filly is sired by Dunure Nugget, out of the good mare Border Rosie, by Hiawatha. Foals by The Bruce were fourth and fifth in the same class, both owned by Taber.

In the section for three, the get of one sire, R. H. Taber, of Condie, got third place with the get of the Bruce, whilst the Colony Stock Farm, Coquitlam, B.C., took second with an imported trio by Baron's Pride, whilst Conyngham Bros. were first with a trio also imported and by the same sire.

### Among the Shires

The exhibit of Shires was also of a high order and some splendid representatives were forward. In the class for aged stallions, Culton Lowe Model, a big draughty horse carried off the blue ribbon, whilst in the three and two-year-old classes, Mawgan Trants Crock and Bocadden Hereford respectively made it three straight for the Burgess Stock Farm, of Wenona, Ill. The last named horse was also junior and grand champion over the first prize three-year-old; these were two exceptionally good specimens of the breed possessing the deep, wide, muscular bodies, characteristic of their kind, together with quality above the average. In the yearling class Tatton Eldorado, owned by Messrs. Sizer, of Fisher, Ill., was an outstanding winner and a colt that deserved better in the championship classes. The same animal carried off the Shire futurity. In the female classes, the big roan Coldham Surprise received the senior and grand championship, though closely pressed by Tatton Aurora. Percherons made their usual large exhibit and some splendid animals were seen, the judges seeming to follow the thick set, low down, draughty kind. A very creditable exhibit of Suffolk Punches was seen in that shown by the Hawthorn Farm, Lake County, Ill.

In the harness classes there was keen competition. The single gelding class was won by an exhibit of the Union Transit Company, a draughty bay, whilst a black from the same stables was second; third and fifth going to the Colony Stock Farm, B.C. Four out of the first five horses were Clydesdales. Pairs, treys, fours and sixes were also won by the Union Transit Company's horses, with the famous Crouch greys second in the six-horse contest. The draught classes were notable for the victory of the Clydesdale breed.

One thing the Canadian exhibitors thoroughly appreciated was the general courtesy shown by the officials connected with the International and one could not fail to note the genuine sportsmanship which was shown by all exhibitors and which makes an event of this nature one of the most pleasing features of the year.

### Big Prices Realized

The sale of carlot classes was conducted on the Thursday, the champion carlot of cattle selling for \$13.25 per 100 lbs. The sales of the pedigreed stock, under the auspices of the various associations, were both successful and

were well attended. At the sale of Angus, the average price obtained was \$275 per head, whilst the average prices on Shorthorns ranged in the neighborhood of \$400, and that of Herefords over \$500. An Angus bull calf sold for \$2,005, whilst three animals in the Hereford section went over \$2,000.

The International Exhibition is, as a whole, one large educative feature, and it is well worth the time and trouble of a visit from any Western stockman, who, if he uses his powers of observation, will be more than repaid. There are some lessons that Canadians might take from this show, the first and greatest of which is, that in order to produce a show of any magnitude, it is necessary to have the stock. Western Canada has the facilities, the climate, the feed and the farmers, but so far she has not taken full advantage of the opportunity of livestock raising. Let us hope that in the near future this omission will be more than remedied.

## Farming for Profit

Continued from Page 8

previously boiled. This was a very strong solution, and unless an egg was absolutely fresh it would not sink in the solution.

Method No. 2. This is similar to No. 1 except that eight parts of water were used instead of five parts. The eggs in this were nearly as good as those in No. 1. This is a good preservative where it is desired to keep summer eggs for winter use.

Method No. 3. This was composed of ten parts of water to one part of water glass. There were no bad eggs in this solution, but the eggs were inferior in flavor and in poaching quality to those kept by methods No. 1 and No. 2.

Method No. 4. This consisted of the same solution as No. 2; but in place of allowing the eggs to remain in the liquid, they were removed after having been in it for a week, except the last lot, which was put into the solution. This lot was left in the solution for the remainder of the season.

Method No. 5. A lime solution made as follows:

Two pounds of fresh lime were slacked in a pail and a pint of salt was added thereto. After mixing, the contents of the pail were put into a tub containing four gallons of water. This was well stirred and left to settle. Then it was stirred thoroughly the second time and left to settle; after which the clear liquid was poured over the eggs, which had previously been placed in a crock or tub. Only the clear liquid was used.

These eggs were well preserved; but those from the bottom of the tub had a decidedly limey taste, and the yolk in them was somewhat hardened.

### HARD WHEAT FOR FEEDING PURPOSES

A farmer the other day remarked to The Guide representative that farmers were losing money raising Red Fife or Marquis wheat for feed for live-stock, and that it would be more profitable for the grower and better for the stock if wheat intended for feed was grown from less expensive seed, more suitable for feeding purposes, and of inferior milling properties.

The Guide will be glad if any reader will take up this important question, and write a short letter giving their experience and opinions on the matter.

Replies will be published in an early issue.

### AN EXPLANATION

The editor of the Prairie Farm and Home, Regina, has sent a letter to The Guide explaining how the incorrect report of the proceedings of the annual meeting of The Grain Growers' Grain Company happened to be published in his paper. He states that it was sent to him by telegraph by his resident correspondent in Winnipeg, and that until he saw the editorial article in The Guide of November 26 he did not know that it was other than a correct report. The editor of the Prairie Farm and Home states that his paper is not at all hostile to The Grain Growers' Grain Company, but is a strong supporter of the entire policy of the Grain Growers' Associations of the West.



## Breeders Notes

### GOOD SALE OF CLYDESDALES

The amount of money received at the joint sale of pure-bred Clydesdales, comprising 20 stallions and 28 females, belonging to John A. Turner, of Balgreggan, Calgary, and Bryce Wright, De Winton, was \$26,500. Considering the tightness of money in the western provinces, and also the sale being held in the fall of the year, it will be seen that the sale went very well. A large number of both Mr. Turner's and Mr. Wright's old customers were among the good crowd which attended the sale, and many of them were again purchasers. The young stock, as well as the mares, had just been brought in off the pasture, and although not pampered in any way, they looked in good shape, and fit to rustle for themselves all winter.

The average for Mr. Turner's stallions was \$677 per head, and the average for his mares \$558. Mr. Wright's mares averaged \$317 and his three stallions, \$417. A great many of the animals sold were under two years old, and thus it will be seen, when one considers the relative value of a spring and a fall sale, with the cost of winter keep in addition, that the animals went for good prices. The sale has shown also that the outlook from the horseman's point of view, in the western provinces is, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary, still bright, and a lot of good horses will be sold this coming spring.

Messrs. Layzell and Durno, of Calgary, put the sale through in their usual efficient manner.

### CLYDESDALES FOR CANADA

A number of horses were shipped to Canada last week, says the Scottish Farmer of November 8. John Graham, Carberry, Man., had a shipment of eight stallions—seven from Robert Graham, Kaimflat, Kelso, and one from Mr. Marshall, Stranraer. The last is a superior colt rising four years old, and very well bred. His sire was the good breeding horse "Ryecroft" (13722), a son of the unbeaten champion, "Everlasting" (11331), and the Carberry colt is out of a daughter of the world-famed "Prince of Wales" (673). This is as good a colt as has gone to Canada for a while. In the seven is another of the same age got by the Cawdor Cup champion, "Marcellus" (11110), a very good horse, with dam by "Montrave Dauntless" (11119), and gr.-dam by the Glasgow premium horse "Clan Chattan" (10527). A superior two-year-old was got by Robert Graham's own horse "Saladin" (14831), and out of a mare by the popular horse "Bancor" (11253), which bred so well abroad. There are quite a number of useful horses besides these. An older stallion is also a son of "Marcellus," and there are two-year-old colts by "Glassford Laird" (15236), "Saladin" and that grand big horse, "Baron M'Nee" (12462), while there is a yearling bred for weight and substance being got by "Milldale" (15319), out of a mare by the Dalbeattie premium horse "Lord Lonsdale" (11799). Another shipper last week was Alex. Dick, Plumbridge, Sask., who had a two-year-old colt by that well-known prize horse "High Merit" (14677), from James Dick, Muirhouses, Hamilton.

### ALEX. GALBRAITH'S CLYDES, PERCHERONS AND HACKNEYS

Few men in the circles of horsemen in this western country are better known or more highly respected than Alex. Galbraith, of the firm of Alex. Galbraith and Son, De Kalb, Ill., and Brandon, Man. In Clydesdale matters Mr. Galbraith is one of the leading authorities, and as a judge, either in this country or on the other side of the line, or as a lecturer on matters pertaining to the horse, Mr. Galbraith's services are much in request.

The quality of the Galbraith horses has been favorably known for many years, and as the leading stockman's paper of the other side, The Breeders' Gazette of Chicago, aptly puts it, "A Galbraith horse is a guaranty in itself."

Mr. Galbraith's stables are in Brandon. He is expecting a large importation of fresh blood shortly, and what he gets will be good. At present he has that good Clyde youngster "Charnock,"

that met with so much success in Western show rings last year, "Garou," the champion Percheron stallion of a couple of years back, and a few others. If you want a good horse see what Mr. Galbraith is offering—he is advertising in The Guide—and kindly let him know that you saw his advertisement in that paper.

### A. D. McDONALD'S HOGS

A. D. McDonald and Sons, a photograph of whose hog house is reproduced on page 8 of this issue, have a herd of over 100 pigs, and have about 20 young sows for sale, as well as a fine lot of young stuff of July and August farrow.

They also have a good herd of Shorthorn cattle, headed by "Roan Marquis," from the herd of W. H. English, of Harding, and have some young cattle of both sexes to dispose of.

Some of their recent sales of hogs are: A boar to Dr. H. H. Christie, of Esterhazy; a couple of sows, to E. S. Dale, Medora; a boar to John Hanna, Rathwell; two boars to D. T. Pope, Acme, Alta.; a sow to Parsons Hagle, Hartney; and a sow to Nick Cates, Napinka. These sales were all made in the last week or so.

### DOWNIE'S HEREFORD SALE

As generally happens in a new country, the man who puts on a sale of high class stock generally gets the worst of the bargain the first time. But, as farmers and stockmen begin to appreciate the merits and realize the enhanced monetary value of good stock, better prices result. Something of this nature took place at Simon Downie's sale of pure-bred Herefords at Carstairs, Alta., on Nov. 28, when a large sale of high class stock took place. Prices, while they might be considered fair, were scarcely in accordance with the class of stock brought under the hammer, but, as this is only the first annual sale to be held by Messrs. Downie, we look forward confidently to better prices next year, especially if money gets more elastic in the west.

There was a good attendance of buyers and bargains were the order of the day. Clydesdales were not in demand, and trade was dull, while the highest priced bull, "Drum Sticks" topped the cattle sale at \$325. The average for the bulls was around \$180, while the females averaged \$142, the highest priced cow fetching \$250. A few grades also brought fair prices.

The sale was called by Colonel Reppert, Decatur, Ind., who put the cattle through in record time. Messrs. Downie had the stock in good shape and every convenience at hand for the comfort of the crowd.

### SINTON SELLS CLYDESDALES

Robert Sinton, of Regina, Sask., has been making some good sales lately.

Towards the end of last month he sold to S. Kolbinson, Merid, Sask., the 4-year-old stallion, "West Lothian," by "Marmion," second at Calgary Spring Show, 1913. To Thos. Barker, Riddlevale, Alta., went "Ruby Star," by "Ruby Baron," another four-year-old; to Wm. Barnsley, Abernethy, Sask., went "Grafton's Millie," by "Up to Time," a mare of generous scale, and "Black Iris," by "Baron Albion," another good quality mare, while the 3-year-old imported "Princess Diadem," by "King's Diadem," also went to the same purchaser.

### A. J. MCKAY'S OFFERINGS

A. J. McKay, of Macdonald, Man., writing to The Guide a few days ago, mentions that he has still a few Leicester rams for sale, which he is pricing very cheaply. Mr. McKay goes on to say: "I am now offering a very select bunch of Leicester ewes bred to my Chicago champion ram, also some choice ram and ewe lambs, at prices that should move them."

"Demand for Berkshires has been very heavy, and I am pretty well sold out of early-farrowed stuff, but still have a number of July and August farrowed pigs for sale."

"Have recently sold two very nicely bred (milking-strain) Shorthorn bulls, and have three still on hand."



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**OATS**

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It will pay you to communicate with us before disposing of your oats, as we can pay you better price from numerous points than obtainable elsewhere. Write or wire today.

LAING BROS., Winnipeg

**MORRISON RE-ELECTED**

Alexander Morrison, the former Conservative member of the Dominion Parliament for Macdonald, Man., who was unseated on his own admission of corrupt practices on the part of his agents at the by-election of October, 1912, was on Saturday again elected for the same constituency. The Conservative majority a year ago, when R. L. Richardson, Independent, was the opposition candidate, was 784. This time, Dr. Miles, the Liberal nominee, was defeated by 911, with one poll to hear from.

**Manitoba Section****LAVINIA CO-OPERATING IN MANY LINES**

The annual meeting of the local Grain Growers' association was held at the Lavinia Siding on Friday afternoon, December 5, at 1 p.m. On former occasions the Association has held its meetings in the engine room and office of the operator of our new elevator, but farmers from all directions were obliged to hurry to secure seating accommodation. This time, however, when all had arrived, it was plainly seen that the place was too small, so they one and all decided to march to the newly-erected C.N. railway station, close at hand. The president, G. Smith, called the meeting to order. Communications were many, owing to the fact that since the Association was organized last March, co-operation has been taken up in many lines. Since the new elevator was erected, about twenty-five thousand bushels of grain have been handled. One car of Grain Growers' special flour, milled at Rapid City, has been sold to the farmers, as well as bran in large quantities and at reduced prices; shorts and oatmeal; eighteen hundred pounds of evaporated apples, at six and seven cents per pound, in fifty pound lots; seventy-five barrels of green apples and good quality, at an average of \$4.10; five cars of different grades of coal, and two more on order; four carloads of tamarac and poplar wood. One thousand pounds of honey has been ordered and is en route at the present time. Large orders are being taken for granulated sugar. Tenders on carlots of fence posts, wire, salt, lumber, coal-oil, gasoline and many other things will be added to our list before long. Thirty-five fully paid up members were present and we hope that before the annual convention we will be able to report fifty. The following officers were elected: President, G. Smith; Vice-President, E. W. Alexander; Secretary, E. A. Dixon; Co-operative Secretary, E. W. McConnell; Directors, A. Taylor, J. Stewart, J. Duncan, W. McConnell, J. Norton, C. Brooks. Delegates appointed to attend the convention at Brandon were the President, E. W. McConnell, F. Wyatt, R. D. Vanalestine, O. M. Tremain, C. Brooks, J. Stewart and Hamilton Thompson.

**SPLENDID RALLY AT NINGA LECTURE**

The Grain Growers' Illustrated Lecture in Ninga, on December 2, was a great success. A crowded house greeted the speakers. R. F. Chapman acted as chairman and introduced Messrs. Avison and Meneer. Among the great throng were noticed some of the most prominent citizens of the town, which was much appreciated by the local organization, because our interests, both social and economical, demand that we should work in perfect harmony. A prosperous town should have a prosperous community and vice versa, and our Association is working with that end in view. The lecture was well listened to and a great deal of information given to those few who think the Grain Growers have not accomplished anything. Some stock was sold, some Guide subscriptions taken, and altogether a very pleasant evening spent.

R. F. CHAPMAN.

**MAKE THE MEETINGS FAMILY GATHERINGS**

One of the members of Basswood branch makes a very good suggestion as follows: "Judging from my observation and impressions taken at our meetings, a good talk on 'The objects of the Association, as laid down in our constitution, and laying special stress upon educational possibilities and the advantages of making our meetings family gatherings, not alone the gathering of heads of families to buy cars of flour or apples, but the assembly of fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters, sons and daughters, vitalizing our motto 'Each for all and all for each', is needed."

Our member from Basswood has struck the right chord. It is our hope that a great number of our members in different branches of our organization will see this point in the same light. As noted elsewhere, the Springhill branch is getting a library this winter, which is a very good start in the right direction and more of our branches would do well to follow.

**Strong Grain Markets**

TELEPHONES:  
MAIN 46  
MAIN 3570

Wishing all  
Patrons a Happy  
New Year

With dropping off of grain receipts, prices on all grains have improved. Farmers consign your grain now, as prices will very likely improve materially in the next few weeks. We can get you a premium on your oats and barley, but write or wire us when loading for shipping instructions. A trial shipment solicited.

**Blackburn & Mills**  
531 GRAIN EXCHANGE : WINNIPEG, MAN.

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**THE SQUARE DEAL GRAIN CO. LTD.**

A STRAIGHT COMMISSION HOUSE

We stand for good faith towards shippers; competent service as selling agents; and promptness in attending to correspondence and in remitting advances and settlements. Try us.

E. A. PARTRIDGE,  
President and General Manager.

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OFFICE: 414 CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE, WINNIPEG, MAN.

**SHIP YOUR GRAIN to PETER JANSEN CO.**

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS

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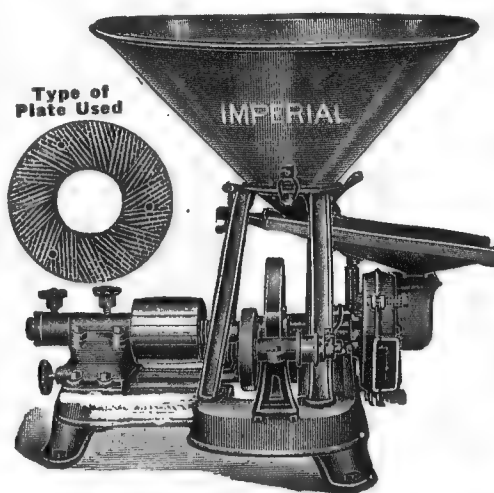
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**What Makes the Imperial So Popular?**

Low-down, solid frame.  
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Large, low-down hopper.  
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Very attractive.

**PRICES OF IMPERIAL FEED GRINDER**

97E271	7-inch GRINDER.	Weight 270 lbs.	Price.....	\$26.00
97E272	8-inch GRINDER.	Weight 310 lbs.	Price.....	27.50
97E273	10-inch GRINDER.	Weight 350 lbs.	Price.....	32.00
97E274	12-inch GRINDER.	Weight 450 lbs.	Price.....	42.00
97E275	BAGGER, to fit, extra			9.00

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GEESE	per lb.	13c
LIVE OLD ROOSTERS	"	10c
TURKEYS, No. 1, good size	"	17c
TURKEYS, No. 2, small; poorer birds	"	15c
DUCKS	"	13c
SPRING CHICKENS	"	13c
LIVE OLD HENS	"	11 1/2c

You pay express. Cash sent immediately upon receipt of goods. Crates sent on request. Best market price paid for Cattle Hides. Ship them to us.

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91 LUSTED STREET, WINNIPEG

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# The Farmers' Market

## WINNIPEG MARKET LETTER

(Office of the Grain Growers' Grain Company Limited, December 13, 1913)

Wheat—Wheat has ranged lower this week and the close shows December down 1 cent, May 1, July 1. The principal feature was the weakness in December, brought about mainly by the very poor demand for the cash article. Other months held comparatively steady in spite of lower Liverpool and Continental markets. Foreign markets worked lower during the week on better crop conditions received from Argentina and the prospect of a very good crop from Australia. Argentina advices, however, have been of such a contradictory nature that it would not surprise one if they lost a great deal of influence until something definite is learned. The demand for the higher grades of wheat is very poor and there seems to be nothing that would warrant a change in the immediate future. Rejected, smutty and tough grain is being better enquired for and the present spreads between them and the straight grades should narrow up a little.

Oats—Oats ranged lower all round, with the principal weakness in December. Cash demand for No. 2 C.W. poor, while lower grades and toughs are receiving good attention. It would appear as if buyers over-bought on the recent bulge and have been rather reluctant sellers the latter part of the week. The Eastern demand at the close today has improved over a week ago, but great quantities are still arriving from the country.

Barley—Demand for No. 3 C.W. very poor, while lower grades are being keenly enquired for. Flax—Flax ranged higher all week and the close is about 2 cents above last Saturday's quotation. Demand only fair for the Cash article.

Note—Buyers are already paying premiums on grain, especially the lower grades, unloaded into terminals situated on the C.P.R. by reason of there being a switching change to bring cars from other roads to the C.P.R. for all rail shipment.

### WINNIPEG FUTURES

	Dec.	May	July
Wheat—			
December 9	84½	89½	90½
December 10	84½	89½	91½
December 11	83½	89½	90½
December 12	83½	89½	90½
December 13	83½	89½	90½
December 15	83½	87½	90½
Oats—			
December 9	34½	38	38
December 10	34½	38	38
December 11	34½	38	38
December 12	33½	38	38
December 13	33½	37½	38
December 15	33½	37½	38
Flax—			
December 9	120½	127	127
December 10	120½	128	128
December 11	121	130	130
December 12	121	129½	130
December 13	121	129½	130
December 15	122	130½	130

### MINNEAPOLIS CASH SALES

Sample Market, December 13	
No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars, transit	\$0.88½
No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	87½
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 1 car, choice	88½
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 8 cars	86
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car, transit	86½
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car, bin burnt	83½
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars	82
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	77
Sample wheat, 1 car, barley mixed	77
Sample wheat, 1 car	81
No. 3 white oats, 1 car	36½
No. 3 white oats, 1 car	37½
No. 4 white oats, 1 car	37
No. 4 white oats, 1 car, dirty	36
No. 3 oats, 1 car	35
No. 3 oats, 5 cars	36
No. 2 rye, 1 car, choice	57
No. 1 feed barley, 2 cars	58
No. 1 feed barley, 1 car	48
No. 2 feed barley, 1 car	47
No. 2 feed barley, 1 car	57
No. 4 barley, 1 car	57
Sample barley, 1 car	61
Sample barley, 1 car	43
No. 1 flax, part car, choice	1.48½
No. 1 flax, 400 bus., to arrive	1.45½

### ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 13.—Cattle receipts, 450 natives; no Canadians. Market kept steady. Stockers and feeding steers, weight 800 to 1,200, sold for \$5.50 to \$6.40; native feeding cows and heifers, weight 800 to 1,100, sold for \$4.25 to

\$5.65; heavy butcher bulls sold for \$5.00 to \$5.50; heavy butcher steers sold up to \$7.00.

### LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET

Liverpool, Dec. 13, 1913.—

Spots	Close	Prev.
Manitoba No. 1, per bushel	\$1.03½	\$1.03½
Manitoba No. 2, per bushel	1.02½	1.02½
Manitoba No. 3, per bushel	1.01½	1.01½
Futures Steady		
December, per bushel	Unquoted	
March, per bushel	1.05½	1.04½
May, per bushel	1.04½	1.04

Basis of exchange on which prices per bushel are based is 4.82-2-3.

Market steady on strength in America, and later pressure developed on freer Russian offers and continued favorable reports from Australia, with spot demand less active. The decline, however, was checked by continued unfavorable reports from Argentina and expectations of light world's shipments this week. The general market dull and closed 1-4 higher than yesterday. Argentine weather is cloudy, with indications of rain. Australia cables that yield in Victoria is equal to earlier expectations.

### CALGARY LIVESTOCK

Calgary, Dec. 13, 1913.—Receipts of livestock at Calgary this week were as follows: Cattle 1,687, sheep 1,021, hogs 4,050, and horses 128.

There was a good demand for all classes of butcher cattle this week and prices advanced 15 cents on all butcher stuff. Top steers \$6.75. We look for a very good demand for the future, as Southern buyers are on the market. Hogs were in good demand and sold at \$6.75. Several cars were bought for Seattle. Sheep continue scarce and some good sheep would bring a good price.

### CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Chicago, Dec. 13.—Hog trade was slow at the outset, but activity increased and prices made a moderate gain. Demand, even for plain sorts, became good. Business in cattle lifeless. Sellers, though, held out for previous values. Buyers did not feel called on to do any of the work to move sheep and lambs.

Cattle receipts, 700; beefs, \$6.00 to \$9.60; Texas steers, \$6.65 to \$7.70; western steers, \$7.90 to \$7.75; stockers and feeders, \$4.90 to \$7.50; cows and heifers, \$3.40 to \$8.30; calves, \$7.50 to \$11.50.

Hog receipts, 17,000; slow, shade under yesterday's average; bulk of sales, \$7.65 to \$7.80; light, \$7.40 to \$7.75; mixed, \$7.50 to \$7.85; heavy,

\$7.50 to \$7.90; rough, \$7.50 to \$7.60; pigs, \$6.00 to \$7.50.

Sheep receipts, 1,500; slow; native, \$4.20 to \$5.50; western, \$4.20 to \$5.60; yearlings, \$5.35 to \$6.75; lambs, native, \$6.25 to \$8.25; western, \$6.25 to \$8.00.

### STOCKS IN TERMINALS

Fort William, Dec. 12, 1913.—	
1913	1912
Wheat	
1 Hard	99,828.10
1 Nor.	2,991,744.40
2 Nor.	1,575,459.05
3 Nor.	551,814.00
No. 4	169,375.50
Others	1,306,391.38
This week	6,694,613.23
Last week	6,537,589.13
Increase	157,224.10
Oats	
1 C.W.	28,172.33
2 C.W.	1,676,378.16
3 C.W.	798,606.17
Ex. 1 Fd.	25,617.33
Others	780,213.26
This week	3,308,989.23
Last week	3,299,800.06
Increase	9,129.17
Barley	
1 Fd.	135,358.32
2 Fd.	110,686.30
Others	470,519.05
This week	1,512,742.27
Last week	1,699,701.26
Decrease	186,958.33
Flaxseed	
1 N.W.C.	1,185,723.03
2 C.W.	89,177.07
3 C.W.	45,666.37
Others	33,888.14
This week	1,354,305.05
Last week	1,405,720.54
Decrease	51,415.49
Last year's total	1,048,510.40
total	668,119.04

### SHIPMENTS

	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Flax
1913 (lake)	4,901,136	2,468,537	422,333	926,844
(rail)	254,995	106,809	9,451	1,133
1912	3,910,665	748,095	185,152	450,305

## Winnipeg Live Stock

### Stockyard Receipts

Receipts at the C.P.R. stockyards for the past week amounted to 1,463 cattle, 67 calves, 3,022 hogs and 1,360 sheep, as compared with 1,029 cattle, 53 calves, 3,352 hogs and 1,010 sheep for the previous week. The Union yards had also heavier receipts than a week ago. The total receipts at Winnipeg for the corresponding week last year were 2,962 cattle, 129 calves, 1,356 hogs and 899 sheep.

### Cattle

The cattle trade picked up considerably during the week, prices advancing about 25 cents on most grades. Among the receipts were quite a few prime steers suitable for the Christmas trade. Several lots of this choice class reached the 7-cent mark, while a few reached a shade higher; two carloads, for instance, being bought by local packers on Friday for \$7.25. The cattle trade with the United States continues brisk, no fewer than 31 cars being shipped to South St. Paul from the C.P.R. and Union yards on Friday. A few real thick fat heifers reached 7 cents, but the majority of best butcher steers and heifers sold from

## WINNIPEG AND U.S. PRICES

Closing prices on the principal western markets on Saturday, December 13, were:

Cash Grain	Winnipeg	Minneapolis
1 Nor. wheat	\$0.83½	\$0.87½
2 Nor. wheat	80½	85½
3 Nor. wheat	77½	83½
No grade		
3 White oats	31½	37
Barley	37-42	43-67
Flax, No. 1	1.21½	1.46½
Futures—		
December wheat	83½	84½
May wheat	89½	87½
July wheat	90½	89½
Beef Cattle, top	\$7.00	\$9.60
Hogs, top	7.75	7.90½
Sheep, yearlings	5.50	6.75

\$6.25 to \$6.50. Good cows are worth \$5.50 to \$5.75, while bulls are steady around 5 cents. Choice veals are \$6.50 to \$7.00.

### Hogs

A keen demand from the East for hogs toned up the market for the earlier half of the week, and the bulk of the local receipts went through to a Montreal packer. With a 50-cent decline in Montreal, however, the local prices declined in sympathy and the local packers could get all they need at \$7.50 for choice grades. Present indications look like \$7.25 off cars at the C.P.R. yards and 7 cents fed and watered at the Union yards.

### Sheep and Lambs

Sheep and lamb prices unchanged. While 1,360 came into Winnipeg last week, practically all were direct consignments to local packers, consequently there was no market to speak of.

## Country Produce

Note.—Quotations are f.o.b. Winnipeg, except those for cream, which are f.o.b. point of shipment.

### Butter

Dairy butter is still unsettled and a further decline of one to two cents has been made on all grades except the fancy kind, which holds its value at 23-24 cents. No. 1 dairy has declined two cents, to 20-21 cents, while good round lots are worth 19 instead of 20 cents. The fine weather has been piling up the supplies, both East and West, and Eastern markets are heavy and seem to be ready for a decline. Winnipeg grocers are charging around 51-53 cents for fancy dairy and 38 for fancy creamery.

### Eggs

The ordinary candled eggs are steady at 30 cents and strictly new-laid hold their value of 40-45 cents. Quite a number are coming forward, but dealers complain that the strictly guaranteed kind are very scarce, and even the comparatively few that are laid these days come mixed with the held eggs. Retail prices are 38 cents for storage eggs and 50 cents for new-laid.

### Potatoes

Good potatoes are firm at 50-55 cents per bushel in sacks. Winnipeg offers a steady market for a great supply and several cars are coming in day by day on the basis of this value. Retail prices in the city are 80c to \$1.00 a bushel.

### Dressed Poultry

The live poultry season is practically over for most firms, although a few will continue to handle them for special trade. Dressed poultry has been coming in very plentifully, stimulated not only by the usual Christmas demand, but by the unusually mild season. Prices are down one to two cents, being now quoted, turkeys 17-19 cents, chickens 13-15 cents, ducks 13-15 cents, geese 12-14 cents and fowl 10-12 cents. A great many more farmers seem to be raising poultry than former years, judging by the quantity coming forward. Values will not go higher and whether they drop a cent or so more a pound depends on the deliveries. Shippers who know how and take the trouble to dress their poultry properly are sure of getting better prices than the ordinary shipper can get.

### Milk and Cream

Milk and cream prices remain unchanged, 34 cents for sweet cream, 29 cents for butter-making cream, per pound butter-fat, and \$2.10 per 100 pounds of sweet milk. Supplies are coming in freely, but the cold weather is due soon and an advance of sweet cream up to 35 cents is looked for.

### Dressed Meats

Local butchers depending on the country trade for their dressed meats are praying for the freeze up, as hardly any meat will be moving until the cold weather comes. Prices paid for choice stuff are: beef 10½-11 cents, pork 11 cents, mutton 12 cents, veal 13 cents, and fresh lamb 15 cents.

### Hay

Wild hay is unchanged at \$10-\$11 for No. 1 Red Top, \$9-\$10 for No. 1 Upland, while No. 1 Timothy is up \$2, to \$15.

### Hides, Wool, Tallow

Hides—Cured hides, 12½ cents per lb., delivered in Winnipeg; frozen green hides, 11½ cents; western branded hides, 10 to 10½ cents; shearlings and lambskins, 15 to 35 cents each.

Tallow—No. 1 tallow is worth 5 to 5½ cents lb.; No. 2, 4 to 4½ cents, delivered to the trade.

Wool—Manitoba wool is bringing 10 to 11 cents per lb. for coarse; 11 to 12 cents for medium.

Seneca Root—We quote 43 to 48 cents per pound.

### VANCOUVER GRAIN

Vancouver, B.C., Dec. 14.—Grain exchange closing prices:

Cash—	Sat'day	Friday
No. 1 Nor.	87½	88
No. 2 Nor.	85½	85½
No. 3 Nor.	82½	82½
No. 2 C.W. oats	35	36
No. 3 C.W. oats	33½	34
Futures—		
December	88½	88½
May	93½	94½
July	95½	95½

### Cash Prices in Store Fort William and Port Arthur from December 9 to December 15 inclusive

Date	1°	2°	3°	4	5	6	Feed	2CW	3CW	Ex1Fd	1Fd	2Fd	No. 3	No. 4	Rej.	Feed	1NW	2CW	3CW	Rej.
Dec 9	84½	82	79½	..	..	..	..	34½	32	32½	31½	29½	42½	40½	37½	36½	120½	118½	..	..
10	84½	81	79½	..	..	..	..	34½	32	32½	31	29½	42½	40½	37½	37	120½	118½	..	..
11	83½	80	78	..	..	..	..	34	32	32½	31	29	42½	40½	37½	37	121	119½	..	..
12	83½	80	78	73	..	..	..	33½	31½	32½	30½	29½	41½	40½	37½	36½	121	119½	..	..
13	83½	80	77½	72½	..	..	..	33½	31½	32½	31	29½	42	40½	37½	37	121	119½	..	..
15	83½	80½	77½	72½	..	..	..	33½	31½	32	31	29½	42½	41	37½	37	122½	120½	..	..

### THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE

### CORRECTED TO MONDAY, DECEMBER 15

Winnipeg Grain	MO	WEEK AGO	YEAR AGO	Winnipeg Live Stock	MON- DAY	WEEK AGO	YEAR AGO	Country Produce	MON- DAY	WEEK AGO	YEAR AGO
Cash Wheat				Cattle				Butter (per lb.)			
No. 1 Nor. ....	83½	84½	79½	Extra choice steers . . . .	\$ e. s. c.	\$ c. s. c.	\$ c. s. c.	Fancy dairy . . . . .	23c-24c	23c-24c	29c-30c
No. 2 Nor. ....	80½	82½	76½	Best, butcher steers and	6.50-6.75	6.25-6.50	6.25-6.50	No. 1 dairy . . . . .	20c-21c	22c-23c	27c
No. 3 Nor. ....	77½	79½	73½	heifers . . . . .	6.25-6.50	6.00-6.25	5.75-6.00	Good round lots . . . .	19c	20c	24c
No. 4 . . . . .	72½	74	67½	Fair to good butcher				Eggs (per doz.)			
No. 5 . . . . .	..	59	51	steers and heifers . . . .	5.75-6.00	5.50-5.75	5.00-5.25	Candled . . . . .	30c	30c	22c
No. 6 . . . . .	..	52	48	Best fat cows . . . . .	5.50-5.75	5.50-5.75	5.25-5.50	Strictly new laid . . . .	40c-45c	40c-45c	35c-40c
Feed . . . . .	..	48	..	Medium cows . . . . .	5.00-5.25	4.50-5.00	4.25-4.75	Potatoes			
Cash Oats				Common cows . . . . .	4.00-4.50	3.50-4.00	3.25-3.75	In sacks, per bushel . . .	50c-55c	50c-55c	35c
No. 2 C.W. ....	33½	35½	32½	Best bulls . . . . .	4.50-5.00	4.50-5.00	4.50-4.75	Dressed Poultry			
Cash Barley	42½	42½	46	Com'n and medium bulls	4.00-4.50	3.75-4.25	4.00-4.25	Chickens . . . . .	13c-15c	14c-16c	14c-16c
Cash Flax				Choice veal calves . . . .	6.50-7.00	6.00-7.00	6.00-6.50	Fowl . . . . .	10c-12c	12c-14c	12c-14c
No. 1 N.W. ....	122½	120½	105	Heavy calves . . . . .	5.50-6.00	5.50-6.00	4.50-5.50	Ducks . . . . .	13c-15c	14c-16c	14c-16c
Wheat Futures				Best milkers and spring-	\$70-\$80	\$70-\$80	\$55-\$65	Geese . . . . .	12c-14c	13c-15c	12c-14c
December . . . .	83½	84	79½	ers (each) . . . . .	\$45-\$60	\$45-\$60	\$35-\$45	Turkey . . . . .	17c-19c	18c-20c	20c-22c
May . . . . .	89½	89	84	Com'n milkers and spring				Milk and Cream			
July . . . . .	90½	90½	85½	ers (each) . . . . .	\$45-\$60	\$45-\$60	\$35-\$45	Sweet cream (per lb.			
Oat Futures				Choice hogs . . . . .	\$7.50	\$7.75	\$8.50	butter fat) . . . . .	34c	34c	37c
December . . . .	33½	35	32½	Heavy sows . . . . .	\$6.00	\$6.00	5.50-6.50	Cream for butter-mak-			
May . . . . .	37½	38½	36½	Stags . . . . .	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$5.00	ing purposes (per lb.			
Flax Futures								butter fat) . . . . .	29c	29c	32c
December . . . .	122½	120½	105	Sheep and Lambs				Sweet milk (per 100 lbs.)	\$2.10	\$2.10	\$2.10
May . . . . .	130½	127½	111½	Choice lambs . . . . .	6.50-7.00	6.50-7.00	6.00-6.50	Hay (per ton)	\$10-\$11	\$10-\$11	\$12
				Best killing sheep. . . .	5.00-5.50	5.00-5.50	5.00-5.50	No. 1 Red Top . . . . .	\$9-\$10	\$9-\$10	\$11
								No. 1 Upland . . . . .	\$15	\$15	\$11
								No. 1 Timothy . . . . .			



# Farmers Market Place

CONDUCTED FOR THOSE WHO  
WANT TO BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE

## FARMS FOR SALE OR RENT

**FOR SALE.**— $\frac{1}{2}$ -SECTION GOOD LAND, three miles from Marquis, Moose Jaw district. All under cultivation. Particulars, Genge, Marquis, Sask. 51-2

**CLEAR TITLE LOTS IN EXCHANGE FOR** farms, improved or otherwise. Give full particulars in first letter to Room 15, Cadogan Block, Calgary. 44-18

## CATTLE

**12 GOOD REGISTERED DAIRY SHORT-** horns due to freshen shortly. A large number of registered Shorthorns, Clydesdales and Yorkshires. Young grade cattle a specialty. Farm near station. J. Bousfield, Macgregor, Man. 45tf

**14 REGISTERED HEREFORD BULLS**—in good growing condition, but not pampered. Well bred and have good quality and excellent bones. Ages 8 to 12 months. For prices, etc., address J. L. Cook, Newdale, Man. 50-5

**HEREFORD CATTLE AND SHETLAND** Ponies—Pony vehicles, harness, saddles, J. F. Marples, Poplar Park Farm, Hartney, Man. 81tf

**BROWNE BROS., NEUDORF, SASK.**—Breeders of Aberdeen Angus Cattle. Stock for sale. 46tf

**ROBERTS BROS., VEGREVILLE.**—Largest herd of Shorthorns in Western Canada. 48-4

**FOR SALE—TWENTY HEAD REGISTERED** Holsteins, both sexes. Choice breeding. John Gemmell, Pilot Mound. 45-8

**FOR SALE—REGISTERED JERSEY BULL.** Two years old. R. B. Tatham, Kelliher, Sask. 49-3

**W. J. TREGILLUS, CALGARY, BREEDER** and importer of Holstein Friesian Cattle. 49-3

## SWINE

**PURE-BRED YORKSHIRES—SOME FINE** July sows. Also a few January, either sex. Ready to ship March 1. Booking orders for spring. Enquiries invited. A. D. McDonald and Son, Napinka, Man. Phone 38. 49tf

**FOR SALE—REGISTERED O.I.C. PIGS** from imported stock. Five months old. \$17.00 each, \$30.00 per pair. Sows bred to farrow January and February, \$30.00 each. Pedigrees furnished. Joseph Snyder, Churchbridge, Sask. 50-2

**POLAND CHINA THOROUGHBREED BOARS,** \$20. R. C. White, Lehigh Cockerels, \$1.50. Frank Smith, Snowflake, Man. 51-2

**POLAND CHINAS—BOARS READY FOR** service. Also a few sows. S. Flodin, Yellow Grass, Sask. 51-4

**W. H. MORTSON & SONS, FAIRLIGHT,** Sask., Breeders of Tamworths, Berkshires, Yorkshires and Poland-Chinas. Stock for sale. 49tf

**REGISTERED YORKSHIRE BOARS, ONE** year old, 25 to 35 dollars. Pure Rhode Island Red Cockerels, \$1.50. O. M. Brownridge and Sons, Browning, Sask. 50-2

**REGISTERED BERKSHIRES—RECENTLY** weaned, \$8.00 each. Isaac Bros., Aberdeen, Sask. 51-3

**IMPROVED BERKSHIRE HOGS, BOTH** sexes, for sale. Gus. Wright, Evergreen Stock Farm, Napinka, Man. 50tf

**STEVE TOMECKO, LIPTON, SASK.**—Breeder of Berkshire Swine. 18tf

## SHEEP

**SHROPSHIRE SHEARLING RAM AND 15** pure-bred ewes. None over 3 years, good even lot, well covered, all bred to champion ram at Dominion Fair. Address Box 14, Lacombe, Alta. 50-4

**LEICESTER RAMS—LAMBS, YEARLINGS,** and twos. Priced cheap to clear. Choice bred ewes and ewe lambs. Summer farrowed Berkshires of both sexes. A. J. Mackay, Macdonald, Man. 50tf

**SOME CHOICE BREEDING EWES—TWO** to four years. From \$5.00 to \$5.50, on cars Coaldale. H. A. Suggitt, Coaldale, Alta. 50-4

**FOR SALE—SIX CHOICE REGISTERED** Leicester Shearling Rams. \$30.00 each. C. Oakes, Oakland, Man. 40-4

## FARM STOCK FOR SALE

**FOREST HOME FARM—CLYDE STAL-** lions and fillies. Hard to Beat. Mares in foal. Forty Shorthorns. Twelve Yorkshire boars. Sows in farrow. Plymouth Rock Cockerels. Carman and Roland stations. Andrew Graham, Pomeroy P.O. 50-4

**H. S. CURRIE, WILLOW RIDGE STOCK** Farm, Ingleton, Alta. Breeder of Clydesdales, Shorthorns, Berkshire Hogs and Buff Orpington Poultry. Stock for sale. Enquiries invited. 48tf

## SITUATIONS WANTED

**MARRIED MAN WANTS SITUATION ON** farm. Wife as housekeeper. Two children. T. Crane, Makarof, Man. 50-4

## MEDICAL

**DR. IRELAND, OSTEOPATH—919 SOMER-** set Block, Winnipeg. 51-3

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Address all Letters to The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word, as for example: "T. B. White has 2,100 acres for sale" contains eight words. Be sure and sign your name and address. Do not have any answers come to The Guide. The name and address must be counted as part of the ad. and paid for at the same rate. All advertisements must be classified under the heading which applies most closely to the article advertised. No display type or display lines will be allowed in classified ads. All orders for classified advertising must be accompanied by cash. Advertisements for this page must reach us seven days in advance of publication day, which is every Wednesday. Orders for cancellation must also reach us seven days in advance.

After investigation, we believe every advertiser on this page to be reliable. Please advise us if you know otherwise.

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**TURKEYS, GEESSE, DUCKS, CHICKENS,** eggs, poultry supplies. Catalogue giving valuable advice mailed free. Maw's Instant Louse Killer, easily applied on roasts, kills lice instantly; half pound, postage paid, 50c. Edward's Roup Cure, in drinking water, prevents and cures disease, half pound, postage paid, 50c. Maw and Sons, Armstrong, B.C. 48-4

**PURE-BRED BUFF ROCK POULTRY FOR** sale.—3 imported cocks, \$10 each. 20 young cockerels, \$3 to \$5 each. Mrs. Chas. A. Blasdel, Candiac. 46tf

**BARRED ROCK COCKERELS—PRIZE** winners. Heavy laying strains. \$8.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00. R. A. Alexander, Nutana, Sask. 48-4

**PURE BRED BARRED ROCK POULTRY** from imported "Imperial Ringlets." Cockerels, \$2, \$3; Pullets, \$1.50. Pure-bred Berkshire boars. Elmer Hall, Winnipeg, Alta. 48-4

**BRONZE TURKEYS—LARGE, HEALTHY** Toms, \$4.00. Few hens with prompt orders at \$3.00. Mrs. R. M. Graham, Melita, Man. 50-4

**PURE-BRED BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK** Cockerels for sale, \$1.50, \$1.75 each. Miss Laura Walton, Springdale, Sask. 50-4

**BLACK ORPINGTONS, PIT GAMES, PHEAS-** ants. Choice stock and winners at Edmonton Show. Some choice cockerels and eggs. A few barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels. Dr. A. M. McKay, 527 Fourth Ave. West, Calgary. 50tf

## POULTRY (Continued)

**BUFF ORPINGTONS—EXHIBITION** breeding and utility. Single birds, either sex, from \$2.00 up. Charlie Giffard, St. George Farm, Boissevain, Man. 51-5

**ROSE AND SINGLE-COMB RHODE ISLAND** Red Cockerels for sale, \$2.00 and \$3.00 each. E. F. Quinsey, Nobleford, Alta. 51-2

## HORSES

**W. C. HERON, BOX 64, REGINA—CLYDES-** dales, Thoroughbreds, S. C. W. Leghorns, S. G. Dorkings, Bronze Turkeys. Young stock for sale. Enquiries invited. 49-3

**FOR SALE—FINE TWO-YEAR-OLD REGIS-** tered Percheron Stallion. Terms. A1 registered male Shrop lambs, \$20. Superior Mammoth Bronze Turkeys, \$5.00 and \$4.00 Brown Leghorn cockerels, \$1.00. Dr. J. A. Baughman, Strassburg, Sask. 51-2

**IMPORTED BELGIAN STALLION FOR** Sale—Four years old, and won first prize in Belgium as a weanling, and again as a yearling. Also first at Gibson, Illinois in sweepstakes, and again at Lanigan, Sask., in sweepstakes. Price right and terms to responsible parties. This is a good one, with plenty of bone and good action. Also a few Pure-bred Buff Orpington Cockerels at \$2 each. Mosiman Bros., Guernsey, Sask. 50-4

**JAMES BURNETT, NAPINKA, MAN.**—Breeder of pure-bred Clydesdales. Stock for sale. 49-24

## LET US HELP YOU FIND CASH BUYERS

For your Farm Lands, Live Stock, Poultry and Seed Grain. The Grain Growers' Guide has the largest circulation and is the best known weekly agricultural and live stock paper published in Western Canada. It reaches over 33,000 farmers each week, going only to the better class of farmers throughout the Western Provinces.

Now! Is it not perfectly reasonable to believe that you can find a buyer for your farm, live-stock, poultry and seed grain among 33,000 farmers, who every week regularly read The Grain Growers' Guide? Our advertisers are making sales every week by using one of these small classified ads in the paper. Why not you?

Small ads. like this will make you money:

## FARM AD.

**CLEAR TITLE LOTS IN EXCHANGE** for farms, improved or otherwise. Give full particulars in first letter to Room 15, Cadogan Block, Calgary. 44-13

## LIVE-STOCK AD.

**REGISTERED YORKSHIRE BOARS,** one year old, 25 to 35 dollars. Pure Rhode Island Red Cockerels, \$1.50. O. M. Brownridge and Sons, Browning, Sask. 50-2

An ad. like any of the above will run in The Grain Growers' Guide, reaching over 33,000 farmers, for four weeks at the cost of 4 cents per word per issue, 88 cents per insertion, or \$3.50 for the month.

Get busy and see what you have to sell, write out your ad., enclose money order covering cost of same, and mail it to—

GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MAN.

## POULTRY AD.

**PURE-BRED BARRED ROCK POULTRY** from imported "Imperial Ringlets." Cockerels, \$2, \$3; Pullets, \$1.50. Pure-bred Berkshire boars. Elmer Hall, Winnipeg, Alta. 48-4

## SEED AD.

**1,200 BUSHEL MARQUIS WHEAT—** Grown on summerfallow. Free from noxious weeds. Sacked, \$1.00 per bushel, f.o.b. Coaldale. H. A. Suggitt, Coaldale, Alta. 50-4

**TWENTY MULE AND HORSE COLTS, AGES** 1 to 4. Registered Spanish Jack, age 6. Registered Clydesdale stallion, age 8. Prices right. Ed. Ferris, Sperling, Man. 50-3

**FOR SALE—PURE BRED CLYDE STAL-** lion, rising five. Sire, "Baron Arcola," grandsire, "Baron's Pride." Second prize summer fair. Foal first prize. Also pure bred mare, mother of stallion. First prize. Malcolm Daniels, Redvers, Sask. 50-2

**TO STALLION OWNERS—IF YOUR HORSE** did not prove satisfactory during past season, now is the time to treat him in order to ensure good results next year. I have treated horses for sixteen years on generation. My treatment, if followed as per instructions, has always met with unqualified success. Terms on application. J. Wilhelm, V.S., 205 9th Street, Saskatoon, Sask. 50-4

## TANNERY

**CALGARY TANNERY CO., LTD., EAST CAL-** gary.—Specialties: "Sarcee" Brand Cow-Hide Coats, Robes and Mitts. Sent free on approval; returnable. No charge if found unsatisfactory. Fur and Hide Dressers. 51-3

## BUTTER AND EGGS

**BUTTER WANTED — WE WANT 1,000** dairy farmers who can ship us 40 to 50 lbs. first class butter every 2 or 3 weeks, preferably in lb. prints, although tubs also are in excellent demand. We will pay highest cash prices at all times. Remittance made immediately on receipt of shipment. Will furnish good heavy butter boxes at 50c each, to contain 50 1-lb. prints. These boxes should last several seasons, and are returnable by express at a small charge. Simpson Produce Company, Winnipeg, Man. 28tf

**EGGS—THE SIMPSON PRODUCE COM-** pany, Winnipeg, will pay cash for shipments of eggs, butter, etc. Special demand and premium prices for non-fertile eggs. Highest market prices at all times. Quick returns. 28tf

## SEED GRAIN FOR SALE

**2,000 BUSHEL MARQUIS WHEAT, 99%** pure. Weighs 66½ lbs. bushel. Grown on summerfallow. Free from noxious weeds. \$1.00 per bushel, F.O.B. Leask, Sask., sacks extra. Sample on request. Osborn Upper, Leask, Sask. 47-5

**HANSEN'S SIBERIAN ALFALFA SEED.**—Limited quantity of three varieties, two yellow flowered and one variegated. For particulars and prices address R. McLaren, Maymont, Sask. 49-8

**1,200 BUSHEL MARQUIS WHEAT**—Grown on summerfallow. Free from noxious weeds. Sacked, \$1.00 per bushel, f.o.b. Coaldale. H. A. Suggitt, Coaldale, Alta. 50-4

**SEED FOR SALE—BREEDING FARM** Plants. Free booklet describing and illustrating both Garton and Swedish systems, also new breeds for sale. Ready January 7th. Write today for your copy. Harris McFayden, Farm Seed Expert, Winnipeg, Man. 51-4

**PREMOST FLAX SEED—HOME GERMINA-** tion test: 100%. Grown on new breaking. \$2.00 bushel, sacks extra, f.o.b. Macklin. J. Hirscheider, Macklin, Sask. 51-3

**WESTERN RYE GRASS SEED, RFCLEANFD,** 10 cents per pound, bags extra. Harry Ducie, Brandon, Sask. 51-3

## MISCELLANEOUS

**FARMERS AND STEAM PLOWMEN—BUY** the best Lignite (Souris) coal direct from Riverside Farmers' Mine. \$2.25 per ton (Mine run \$2.00), f.o.b. Balfour, J. F. Bulmer, Taylorton, Sask. 54tf

**REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.—REPORT** local information, names, etc., to us. We have valuable markets for same. No canvassing. Spare time. Confidential. Good pay. Enclose stamp. Continental Sales Co., Box 1954, Winnipeg. 50-4

## FENCE POSTS

**FENCE POSTS AND LUMBER—CEDAR** fence posts and lumber, car lots. Write for prices. McCollom Lumber Co., 11 Dundurn Place, Winnipeg, Man. 51-4

**FARMERS—CEDAR FENCE POSTS, COR-** ral Poles. J. Andre, Fernie, B.C. 51-12

## MINK SKINS WANTED

**WANTED—150 PRIME MINK SKINS.** Write W. L. DeGlow, Cedar Rapids Horse Importing Farm, Cedar Rapids Iowa. 47tf

## FARM MACHINERY

**FOR SALE—75 H.P. "CASE" ENGINE,** good as new, only plowed 300 acres, also "Case" separator, 34-in. x 56-in., only threshed 1,200 acres, also 10-bottom "Case" engine gang with breaker bottoms, and steel "Case" water tank with trucks. Only been used one season. Will sell to take notes over and give good security. Guaranteed all in good condition, ready for work. Write or see owner. John Henigman, Clark's Crossing, Sask. 50-4

**FOR SALE CHEAP—40 H.P. GAAR-SCOTT** plowing engine, used three seasons threshing and two only plowing. In A1 condition. Good as new. Will take stock as part payment, or new Ford automobile. Can furnish steam plow and separator with above, if desired. Apply to Mosiman Bros., Guernsey, Sask. 50-4

**START YOUR GASOLINE ENGINE IN-** stantly in coldest weather. Full instructions one dollar. Money back if won't work. Johnston, 9 Roncesvalles Building, Toronto. 50-4

## BARRISTERS

**ADOLPH & BLAKE—BARRISTERS, SOLI-** citors, Notaries, Conveyancers, etc., etc. Money to loan. Brandon, Man. 54tf

**ERNEST LAYCOCK, B.A., LL.B., BARRIS-** ter and solicitor. Wilkie, Sask. 20tf

## BIBLE STUDY

**BIBLE STUDENTS CAN HARMONIZE THE** Scriptures by reading our booklet "About Hell," based on the latest authorities, with other helpful literature. Price Ten Cents. Free, on request, to the poor.—International Bible Students' Assn., 59 Alloway Ave., Winnipeg. 51-8



# Farm Laborers

At — **Reasonable Rates**

THE usual decrease in the number of men employed on railway construction work renders it possible for farmers to secure inexperienced farm laborers for the winter months at a reasonable rate of wages. Those desirous of securing farm laborers at once should correspond with

## J. Bruce Walker

Commissioner of  
Immigration

WINNIPEG, MAN.

## BEST ENGLISH BOOTS

Direct from the Factory to You.

Boots of equal quality at such reasonable prices CANNOT possibly be obtained in any Canadian Store. To get the very best material and workmanship combined you MUST send your order by post to our Northampton (England) Factory, the very centre of the world's boot and shoe industry. We guarantee to send you by return mail a pair of these magnificent boots immediately on receipt of remittance. All you have to do is to fill in the coupon and send to us with a Post Office Order, and no matter in what part of Canada you may live, the goods will be despatched to you without delay.

Every pair is a triumph of the bootmaker's art and a revelation in the matter of down-right solid value. Further, if you are not more than satisfied with your bargain, if you do not feel that the goods sent are worth double the amount we are asking for them, send them back at once and we will return your money in full and pay cost of postage in addition. Could anything be fairer?

### FULL DESCRIPTION.

Boot No. 1651.—Splendid quality selected Box Calf Derby pattern, unbreakable backstrap, straight toecap as illustrated, leather lined throughout, specially selected hard-wearing solid leather soles,  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch, in thickness, sewn and stitched. Best make and finish throughout.

### The "Barratt" System of Sizes and Widths.

GENTLEMEN'S "Footshape" Boots are made in eight different sizes: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (size 12 25c. extra). Each size in four different widths. No. 3 width (for slender feet); No. 4 (medium); No. 5 (wide); No. 6 (extra wide).

HOW TO ORDER.—Fill in the attached Order Form, stating size (length), usual y worn, then the width according to the shape of your foot. If narrow, order No. 3 width; if medium, No. 4 width; if wide, No. 5 width; if extra wide, No. 6 width.

SPECIAL NOTE.—Applications for Catalogues (which by the way will save pounds in your Boot Bill) should be sent to W. Barratt and Co., Ltd., Dept. GG Box, 101 P.O., Montreal, but all orders and remittances must be sent to—



Our 144 page Boot Catalogue will be sent free. Address: BARRATT & CO., LTD., Dept. GG Box 101 P.O., Montreal.

No. 1651  
PRICE OF BOOTS  
**\$2.75**  
POSTAGE **0.50**  
TOTAL REMITTANCE **3.25**

Send this Coupon with your Order

### COUPON.

To Messrs. W. BARRATT & Co., LTD., Northampton, Eng.  
Please forward one pair of All-Leather "Footshape" Boots. No. .... Size .... Width ....  
for which I enclose Postal Order value.....  
Name.....  
Address.....  
Box Calf, \$ 3.25.

## W. BARRATT & CO., LTD.

Boot Manufacturers,

(Dept. GG), Footshape Works, NORTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

# This Week's War News

Organized Farmers Attack Ocean Combine --- Lower Ocean Rates Demanded --- Why Wheat is Cheaper

The day has now arrived when it is absolutely necessary for all our readers to stand by us loyally in our fight for the right and better times. We are facing a new menace in the Ocean Combine. Canadian farmers have lost no less than \$9,000,000 on a crop of 200,000,000 bushels during the past year owing to the increase in ocean rates. It is costing the farmer \$45 to \$60 more to have a carload of wheat carried to the British market than it did two years ago.

### What Does This Prove?

Doesn't this state of affairs prove to you that the need for a paper to see that the farmers get justice after their crops are harvested and ready for market is now more apparent than ever? By united and concentrated action at this time the farmers can show the Ocean Combine that they mean business. Boost The Guide all along the line. Send in your renewal today without waiting for a notice to renew. Help us in our fight for justice and a better price for your wheat and we will be sure to win.

Fill Out and  
Mail This  
Coupon Today



### An Attractive Clubbing List

The Grain Growers' Guide and Weekly Free Press	\$1.25 for one year
The Grain Growers' Guide and Nor'-West Farmer	\$1.25 for one year
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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MAN.

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GRAIN CO. LTD.**

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